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# Jack C. Richards



with video and skills practice







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FOURTH EDITION

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STUDENT'S BOOK

# Jack C. Richards

Series Editor: David Bohlke



# Welcome to Interchange Fourth Edition, the world's most successful English series!

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# Plan of Intro Book

Titles/Topics	Speaking	Grammar
UNIT 1 PAGES 2-7		
<b>It's nice to meet you.</b> Alphabet; greetings and leave-takings; names and titles of address; numbers 0–10, phone numbers, and email addresses	Introducing yourself and friends; saying hello and good-bye; asking for names and phone numbers	Possessive adjectives <i>my</i> , <i>your</i> , <i>his</i> , <i>her</i> ; the verb <i>be</i> ; affirmative statements and contractions
UNIT 2 PAGES 8–13		
What's this? Possessions, classroom objects, personal items, and locations in a room PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 14–15	Naming objects; asking for and giving the locations of objects	Articles <i>a</i> , <i>an</i> , and <i>the</i> ; <i>this/these</i> , <i>it/they</i> ; plurals; yes/no and <i>where</i> questions with <i>be</i> ; prepositions of place: <i>in</i> , <i>in front of</i> , <i>behind</i> , <i>on</i> , <i>next to</i> , and <i>under</i>
UNIT 3 PAGES 16-21		
Where are you from? Cities and countries; adjectives of personality and appearance; numbers 11–103 and ages	Talking about cities and countries; asking for and giving information about place of origin, nationality, first language, and age; describing people	The verb <i>be</i> : affirmative and negative statements, yes/no questions, short answers, and Wh-questions
UNIT 4 PAGES 22-27 Whose jeans are these?		
PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 28–29	Asking about and describing clothing and colors; talking about the weather and seasons; finding the owners of objects	Possessives: adjectives our and their, pronouns, names, and whose; present continuous statements and yes/no questions; conjunctions and, but, and so; placement of adjectives before nouns
UNIT 5 PAGES 30-35		
What are you doing? Clock time; times of the day; everyday activities UNIT 6 PAGES 36–41	Asking for and telling time; asking about and describing current activities	Time expressions: o'clock, A.M., P.M., noon, midnight, in the morning/ afternoon/evening, at 7:00/night/ midnight; present continuous Wh-questions
My sister works downtown. Transportation; family relationships; daily routines; days of the week PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 42–43	Asking for and giving information about how people go to work or school; talking about family members; describing daily and weekly routines	Simple present statements with regular and irregular verbs; simple present yes/no and Wh-questions; time expressions: <i>early, late, every day, on</i> <i>Sundays/weekends/ weekdays</i>
UNIT 7 PAGES 44-49		
UNIT 7 PAGES 44–49 Does it have a view? Houses and apartments; rooms; furniture	Asking about and describing houses and apartments; talking about the furniture in a room	Simple present short answers; there is, there are; there's no, there isn't a, there are no, there aren't any
<b>Does it have a view?</b> Houses and apartments; rooms;	and apartments; talking about the	there are; there's no, there isn't a, there are

Pronunciation/Listening Writing/Reading Interchange Activity

Linked sounds Listening for the spelling of names, phone numbers, and email addresses	Writing a list of names, phone numbers, and email addresses	"Famous classmates": Introducing yourself to new people PAGE 114
Plural -s endings Listening for the locations of objects	Writing the locations of objects	"Find the differences": Comparing two pictures of a room PAGE 115
Syllable stress Listening for countries, cities, and languages; listening to descriptions of people	Writing questions requesting personal information	"Board game": Finding out more about your classmates PAGE 118
The letters <i>s</i> and <i>sh</i> Listening for descriptions of clothing and colors	Writing questions about what people are wearing	"Celebrity fashions": Describing celebrities' clothing PAGES 116–117
 Rising and falling intonation Listening for times of the day; listening to identify people's actions	Writing times of the day "Friends Across a Continent": Reading an online chat between two friends	"What's wrong with this picture?": Describing what's wrong with a picture PAGE 119
Third-person singular -s endings Listening for activities and days of the week	Writing about your weekly routine "What's Your Schedule Like?": Reading about three people's daily schedules	"Class survey": Finding out more about classmates' habits and routines PAGE 120
Words with <i>th</i> Listening to descriptions of homes; listening to people shop for furniture	Writing about your dream home "Unusual Homes": Reading about two unusual homes	"Find the differences": Comparing two apartments PAGE 121
Reduction of <i>do</i> Listening to people describe their jobs	Writing about jobs "Job Profiles": Reading about four unusual jobs	"The perfect job": Figuring out what job is right for you PAGE 122

Talking about food likes and dislikes; giving opinions about healthy and unhealthy foods; talking about foods you have and need; describing eating habits	Count and noncount nouns; some and any; adverbs of frequency: always, usually, often, sometimes, hardly ever, never
Asking about free-time activities; asking for and giving information about abilities and talents	Simple present Wh-questions; <i>can</i> for ability; yes/no and Wh-questions with <i>can</i>
Asking about birthdays; talking about plans for the evening, weekend, and other occasions	The future with <i>be going to</i> ; yes/no and Wh-questions with <i>be going to</i> ; future time expressions
Describing health problems; talking about common medications; giving advice for health problems	Have + noun; feel + adjective; negative and positive adjectives; imperatives
Talking about stores and other places; asking for and giving directions	Prepositions of place: <i>on, on the corner of, across from, next to, between;</i> giving directions with imperatives
Asking for and giving information about weekend and vacation activities	Simple past statements with regular and irregular verbs; simple past yes/no questions and short answers
Asking for and giving information about date and place of birth; describing school experiences and memories	Statements and questions with the past of <i>be</i> ; Wh-questions with <i>did, was,</i> and <i>were</i>
na n	
Describing people's locations; making, accepting, and declining invitations; making excuses	Prepositional phrases; subject and object pronouns; invitations with <i>Do you want to?</i> and <i>Would you like to?</i> ; verb + to
- And service shares in the second of the	10;, VEID T 10
	giving opinions about healthy and unhealthy foods; talking about foods you have and need; describing eating habits Asking about free-time activities; asking for and giving information about abilities and talents Asking about birthdays; talking about plans for the evening, weekend, and other occasions Describing health problems; talking about common medications; giving advice for health problems Talking about stores and other places; asking for and giving directions Asking for and giving directions Asking for and giving information about weekend and vacation activities Asking for and giving information about date and place of birth; describing school experiences and memories Describing people's locations; making, accepting, and declining invitations;

Pronunciation/Listening	Writing/Reading	Interchange Activity
Sentence stress Listening for people's food preferences	Writing about mealtime habits "Eating for Good Luck": Reading about foods people eat for good luck in the new year	"Snack survey": Taking a survey about snacks you eat and comparing answers PAGE 123
Pronunciation of <i>can</i> and <i>can't</i> Listening for people's favorite sports to watch or play; listening to people talk about their abilities	Writing questions about sports "An Interview with Shawn Johnson": Reading about the life of an Olympic athlete	"Hidden talents": Finding out more about your classmates' hidden talents PAGE 124
Reduction of <i>going to</i> Listening to people talk about their evening plans	Writing about weekend plans "What Are You Going to Do on Your Birthday?": Reading about birthday customs in different places	"Guessing game": Making guesses about a classmate's plans PAGE 125
Sentence intonation Listening to people talk about health problems; listening for medications	Writing advice for health problems "10 Simple Ways to Improve Your Health": Reading about ways to improve your health	"Helpful advice": Giving advice for some common problems PAGE 126
 Compound nouns Listening to people talk about shopping; listening to directions	Writing directions "Edinburgh's Royal Mile": Reading about popular tourist attractions in Edinburgh, Scotland	"Giving directions": Asking for directions in a neighborhood PAGES 127, 128
Simple past - <i>ed</i> endings Listening to people talk about their past summer activities	Writing about last weekend "Did You Have a Good Weekend?": Reading about four people's weekend experiences	"Past and present": Comparing your classmates' present lives with their childhoods PAGE 129
	The state of the	
Negative contractions Listening for places and dates of birth	Writing questions about a young person's life "Turning Pain to Gain": Reading about a young woman's life	"Life events": Making a time line of important events in your life PAGE 130
Reduction of <i>want to</i> and <i>have to</i> Listening to phone conversations; listening to voice-mail messages	Writing about weekend plans "Around Los Angeles: This Weekend": Reading about events on a web page	"Let's make a date!": Making plans with your classmates PAGE 131

# It's nice to meet you.

### **CONVERSATION** My name is Jennifer Miller.

A 💿 Listen and practice.

Michael: Hello. My name is Michael Ota. Jennifer: Hi. My name is Jennifer Miller. Michael: It's nice to meet you, Jennifer. Jennifer: Nice to meet you, too. Michael: I'm sorry. What's your last name again? Jennifer: It's Miller.

first names	last names
V	<b>↓</b>
Jennifer	Miller
Michael	Ota

**B PAIR WORK** Introduce yourself to your partner.



Listen and practice.



**Taylor Lautner** 

Taylor Swift

Source: www.babynames1000.com

Circle the names you know. What are some popular names for males in your country? for females? What names are popular for both males and females?



### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

My, your, his, her 🕑

What's your name? What's his name? What's her name?

My name is Taylor. His name is Michael. Her name is lennifer. What's = What is

A Complete the conversations. Use my, your, his, or her.



1. A: Hello. What's your name? B: Hi. name is Antonio. What's \_\_\_\_\_ name? A: ..... name is Nicole.



- 2. A: What's ..... name? B: \_\_\_\_\_ name is Michael. A: And what's ..... name?
  - B: name is Jennifer.

**B PAIR WORK** Practice the conversations with a partner.

### **SPELLING NAMES**

A 💿 Listen and practice.



**B** O CLASS ACTIVITY Listen and practice. Then practice with your own names. Make a list of your classmates' names.

- A: What's your name?
- B: My name is Sarah Conner.
- A: Is that S-A-R-A-H?
- B: Yes, that's right.
- A: How do you spell your last name? C-O-N-N-O-R?
- B: No, it's C-O-N-N-E-R.

Sarah Conner Jennifer Miller

My Classmates

### **LISTENING** First names

O How do you spell the names? Listen and check (✓) the correct answers.

- 1. Kara Cara
- Marc Marc

2. Mark 3. Shawn 4. Sophia

Sean Sofia



**B CLASS ACTIVITY** Go around the class. Greet your classmates formally (with titles) and informally (without titles).

4 • Unit 1

### **CONVERSATION** He's over there.

### A 💿 Listen and practice.

Jennifer: Excuse me. Are you Steven Carson? David: No, I'm not. He's over there. Jennifer: Oh, I'm sorry.

Jennifer: Steven? This is your book. Steven: Oh, thank you. You're in my class, right? Jennifer: Yes, I am. I'm Jennifer Miller.

Steven: Hey, David, this is Jennifer. She's in our math class. David: Hi, Jennifer. Jennifer: Hi, David. Nice to meet you.



**B GROUP WORK** Greet a classmate. Then introduce him or her to another classmate.

"Hey, Ming, this is . . ."

**GRAMMAR FOCUS** 

The verb be 🕑

I'm Jennifer Miller.
You're in my class.
She's in our class. (Jennifer is in our class.)
He's over there. (Steven is over there.)
It's Miller. (My last name is Miller.)

Are you Steven Carson? Yes, I am. No, I'm not.

How **are you**? I'm fine. I'**m** = I am You'**re** = You are He**'s** = He is She**'s** = She is It**'s** = It is

A Complete the conversation with the correct words in parentheses. Then practice with a partner.

David: Oh, right! Yes, I ...... (are / am).

It's nice to meet you. • 5



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### Complete the conversations. Then practice in groups.

Nicole: Excuse me. <u>Are</u> you Steven Carson? David: No, <u>not. My name</u> David Medina. Steven <u>over there</u>. Nicole: Oh, sorry.

Nicole:	you Steven Carson?
Steven:	Yes, I
Nicole:	Hi Nicole Johnson.
Steven:	Oh, in my math class, right?
Nicole:	Yes, I
Steven:	nice to meet you.

**C CLASS ACTIVITY** Write your name on a piece of paper. Put the papers in a bag. Then take a different paper. Find the other student.

A: Excuse me. Are you Jin-sook Cho?

- B: No, I'm not. She's over there.
- A: Hi. Are you Jin-sook Cho?
- C: Yes, I am.

# 

### **PRONUNCIATION** Linked sounds

Listen and practice. Notice the linked sounds.

I'm Antonio. She's over there. You're in my class.

### PERSONAL INFORMATION

A	Listen ar	nd practio	ce.							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
zero (oh)	one	two	three	four	five	six	seven	eight	nine	ten

**B • PAIR WORK** Practice these phone numbers and email addresses. Then listen and check your answers.



"Her name is Allison Parker. Her work phone number is four-oh-two, five-five-five, two-three-oh-one. Her cell . . ."

6 🛯 Unit 1



A Solution Jennifer and Michael are making a list of classmates' phone numbers and email addresses. Listen and complete the list.

Name	🙆 Phone number	C Email address
David Medina	212-555-1937	
Sarah Conner		
Steven Carson		and the state of the
Nicole Johnson		01 <u>43367 6 44 3</u>

**B CLASS ACTIVITY** Make a list of your classmates' names, phone numbers, and email addresses.

A: What's your name? B: I'm Anna Silva. A: And what's your phone number? B: It's 201-555-2491.

### **INTERCHANGE 1** Famous classmates

Meet some "famous classmates." Go to Interchange 1 on page 114.

### **4** SAYING GOOD-BYE



and teacher.



### **CONVERSATION** It's ... interesting.

### Listen and practice.

Wendy: Wow! What are these? Helen: They're earrings. Wendy: Oh, cool! Thank you, Helen. They're great! Helen: You're welcome. Rex: Now open this box! Wendy: OK. Uh, what's this? Rex: It's a scarf. Wendy: Oh. It's ... interesting. Thank you, Rex. It's very nice.



### **PRONUNCIATION** Plural -s endings

A 💿 Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of the plural -s endings.

s =	/s/	(e)s =	= /IZ/
desk laptop wastebasket	desk <b>s</b> laptop <b>s</b> wastebasket <b>s</b>	pencil case class box	pencil case <b>s</b> class <b>es</b> box <b>es</b>
	desk laptop	laptop laptops	desk desk <b>s</b> pencil case laptop laptop <b>s</b> class

B Say the plural forms of these nouns. Then complete the chart.



C 💿 Listen and check your answers.



10 = Unit 2

### **CONVERSATION** Oh, no!

### Listen and practice.

Kate:	Oh, no! Where are my car keys?
Joe:	I don't know. Are they in your purse?
Kate:	No, they're not.
Joe:	Maybe they're on the table in the
	restaurant.
Server:	Excuse me. Are these your keys?
Kate:	Yes, they are. Thank you!
Server:	You're welcome. And is this your wallet?
Kate:	Hmm. No, it's not. Where's your wallet, Joe?
Joe:	It's in my pocketWait a

Joe: It's in my pocket.... Wait a minute! That is my wallet!



### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

### Yes/No and where questions with be 💽

Is this your wallet? Yes, it is. / No, it's not.

Are these your keys? Yes, they are. / No, they're not. Where's your wallet? It's in my pocket.

Where are my keys? They're on the table.

A Complete these conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: l6 this your umbrella?
  - B: No, ..... not.
  - A: ..... these your keys? B: Yes, ..... are. Thanks!
  - D. Tes, ..... ure, marks
- 2. A: Where ..... my glasses?
  - B: Are ..... your glasses?
  - A: No, they're ......
  - B: Wait! ..... they in your pocket?
  - A: Yes, ..... are. Thanks!

- 3. A: Where ...... your sunglasses?
  - B: ..... on the table.
  - A: No, ...... not. They're *my* sunglasses! B: You're right. My sunglasses ...... in

my purse.

- 4. A: ..... this my pen?
  - B: No, ..... not. It's my pen.
  - A: Sorry. .... is my pen?
  - B: ..... on your desk.
  - A: Oh, you're right!

**B GROUP WORK** Put three of your things in a bag. Then choose three different things. Find the owner of each thing.

A: Is this your pen, Yuko?B: No, it's not.

A: Are these your keys, Sergio? C: Let me see. Yes, they are.



### WHERE ARE JOE'S THINGS?

**PAIR WORK** Now help Joe find his things. Ask and answer questions.

briefcase camera cell phone glasses

newspaper umbrella notebook wallet



A: Where's his briefcase? B: It's on the table.



### **2 INTERCHANGE 2** Find the differences

Compare two pictures of a room. Go to Interchange 2 on page 115.

# Units 1–2 Progress check

### **SELF-ASSESSMENT**

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

I can	Very well	OK	A little
Introduce myself and other people (Ex. 1) Say hello and good-bye (Ex. 1) Exchange contact information, e.g., phone numbers (Ex. 2) Understand names for everyday objects and possessions (Ex. 3) Ask and answer questions about where things are (Ex. 4, 5)		00000	00000

### HOW ARE YOU?

A Complete the conversation. Use the sentences and questions in the box.

Matt:	Hi. How are you?
Nicki:	I'm fine, thanks.
Matt:	Pretty good, thanks.
Nicki:	And I'm Nicki White.
Matt:	
Nicki:	Nice to meet you, too.
	Yes, I am.
Nicki:	
Matt:	See you in class.

**B PAIR WORK** Practice the conversation from part A. Use your own information. Then introduce your partner to a classmate.

"Malena, this is my friend. His name is Tetsu...."

### IS YOUR PHONE NUMBER ...?

**CLASS ACTIVITY** Write your phone number on a piece of paper. Then put the papers in a bag. Take a different paper and find the owner. Write his or her name on the paper.

A: Ali, is your phone number 781-555-1532?B: No, it's not. Sorry!A: Mila, is your ...?



My name is Matt Carlson. Oh, are you in my English class? How about you?

- ✓ Hi. How are you?
- lt's nice to meet you, Nicki. Well, have a good day.

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**B PAIR WORK** Ask and answer *Where* questions A: Where's the chair? about the picture.

B: It's on the desk.

### **YES OR NO GAME**

Write five yes/no questions about the picture in Exercise 4. Three have "yes" answers, and two have "no" answers. Then ask a partner the questions.

A: Is the chair behind the clock? B: No, it isn't.

### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

Units 1-2 Progress check = 15



Match the cities with the countries. Then check your answers at the bottom of the Snapshot.

What other large cities are in each country? What large cities are in your country?

9. Osaka 10. Shanghai



A 🔘 Listen and practice.

Tim: Are you from California, Jessica?
Jessica: Well, my family is in California now, but we're from South Korea originally.
Tim: Oh, my mother is Korean – from Seoul! Are you from Seoul?

pased on population in the metropolitan area

Jessica: No, we're not. We're from Daejeon. Tim: So is your first language Korean? Jessica: Yes, it is.

B O Listen to Jessica and Tim talk to Tony, Natasha, and Monique. Check (1) True or False.



Source: www.worldatlas.com

JSWERS: 1. 6

h. the U.S.

# WELCOME NEW STUDENTS



16

### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

I'm not from New York. You're not late. She's not from Russia.	Are you from California? Am I early? Is she from Brazil?		l am. you are. she is.		l'm you're she's	not. not.
He's not from Italy.		Yes,	he is.	No,	he's	not
It's not English.	Is it Korean?		it is.		it's	not
We're not from Japan.	Are you from China?		we are.		we're	not
You're not early.	Are we late?		you are.		you're	not
They're not in Mexico.	Are they in Canada?		they are.		they're	not

A Complete the conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: Hiroshi, <u>are</u> you and Maiko from Japan?

  - B: No, ..... not. from Kyoto.
- 2. A: Laura from the U.S.?
  - B: No, ..... not. She's from the U.K.
  - A: \_\_\_\_\_ she from London?

  - B: No, ...... not. English.
- 3. A: Selina and Carlos from Mexico? B: No, not. from Brazil.
  - A: \_\_\_\_\_ you from Brazil, too?
  - B: No, not. I'm from Peru.
  - A: So, \_\_\_\_\_ your first language Spanish?
  - B: Yes, it .......





B Match the questions with the answers. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. Are you and your family from Canada? .....d
- 2. Is your first language English?
- 3. Are you Japanese?
- 4. Is Mr. Ho from Hong Kong? .....
- 5. Is your mother from the U.S.?
- a. No, he's not. He's from Singapore.
- b. Yes, she is. She's from California.
- c. No, it's not. It's Japanese.
- d. No, we're not. We're from Australia.
- e. Yes, we are. We're from Kyoto.

**C PAIR WORK** Write five questions like the ones in part B. Then ask and answer your questions with a partner.

🗛 🔍 Listen	and practice. Notic	e the syllable stres	SS.	
0.	• •	000	000	
China	Japan	Canada	Morocco	
Turkey	Brazil	Mexico	Malaysia	
	21 1993	Conserver the second	8.21 1 2.33	
	241. BAL 53	10030-000-00	24. N	
B 💿 What is	s the syllable stress	in these words? A	dd the words	
	part A. Then listen			
	1.10			
		8 8 8	12/23	
English	Spanish	Arabic	Korean	

**GROUP WORK** Are the words in part A countries, nationalities, or languages? Make a chart and add more words. Then check your answers in the appendix at the back of the book.

Countries	Nationalities	Languages
China	Chinese	Chinese
Mexico	Mexican	Spanish

### WHERE ARE THEY FROM?

A Where are these people from? Check (✓) your guesses.



Penelope Cruz Mexico France

- Spain
- 2

Robert Pattinson Haru Nomura the U.S. the U.K. Canada



South Korea 🔘 Japan China



Cate Blanchett Australia New Zealand South Africa



Rill

Javier Hernández Brazil Mexico Chile

**B PAIR WORK** Compare your guesses. Then check your answers at the bottom of the page.

- A: Is Penelope Cruz from Mexico? B: No, she's not.
- A: Is she from France?

Answers: 1. Spain 2. the U.K. 3. Japan 4. Australia 5. Mexico

### **CONVERSATION** He's cute.

### Listen and practice.

Emma:	Who's that?	
Jill:	He's my brother.	
Emma:	Wow! He's cute. What's his name?	
Jill:	James. We call him Jim.	
Emma:	Oh, how old is he?	- And
	He's twenty-one years old.	
Emma:	What's he like? Is he nice?	
Jill:	Yes, he is - and he's very smart, too!	1
Emma:	And who's that?	1-
Jill:	My sister Tammy. She's only twelve.	X
	She's the baby of the family.	



### NUMBERS AND AGES

A 💿 Listen and practice.

11	eleven	21	twenty-one
12	twelve	22	twenty-two
13	thirteen	23	twenty-three
14	fourteen	24	twenty-four
	fifteen	25	twenty-five
16	sixteen	26	twenty-six
17	seventeen	27	twenty-seven
18	eighteen	28	twenty-eight
	nineteen	29	twenty-nine
	twenty	30	thirty

40	forty
50	fifty
60	sixty
	seventy
80	eighty
	ninety
	one hundred
	one hundred (and) one
	one hundred (and) two
103	one hundred (and) three

3 O Listen and practice. Notice the word stress.

thirteen – thirty

fourteen - forty

0

fifteen – fifty sixteen – sixty

**C PAIR WORK** Look at the people in Jill's family for one minute. Then close your books. How old are they? Tell your partner.









### **B.** Howard – 52 **C.** Jackie – 49





**D.** Megan – 23 **E.** Tim and Tom – 14

Where are you from? = 19

### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

### MIVERSATION Personne.



20 = Unit 3



Play a board game with your classmates. Go to Interchange 3 on page 118. and a lange of a

# Whose jeans are these?

### WORD POWER Clothes

A 💿 Listen and practice.



B Complete the chart with words from part A.

	Clothes for warm weather		Clothes for cold weather
55		South South	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
表		2	
E		0	
RA		1000	

**C PAIR WORK** Look around the classroom. What clothes do you see? Tell a partner. "I see jeans, a sweater, boots, and . . ."



- Julie: Here's a light blue blouse. Is it yours?
- Pat: No, it's not mine.... Wait. It is mine. It's a disaster!
- Julie: Oh, no! All our clothes are light blue.
- Pat: Here's the problem. It's these new blue jeans. Whose jeans are these?

Julie: Uh, they're mine. Sorry.

### **PRONUNCIATION** The letters s and sh

A 💿 Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of s and sh.

- socks scarf 1. suit
- shorts shoes 2. shirt
- B Read the sentences. Pay attention to the pronunciation of s and sh.
- 1. This is Sandra's new shirt.
- 3. Where are my **sh**oes and **s**ocks? 4. My shorts and T-shirts are blue! Mike base uses of the
- 2. These are Sam's purple shoes!

Whose jeans are these? • 23



### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

Adjectives	Pronouns	Names	
my	mine	Pat's blouse	/s/
your	yours	Julie's jeans	/z/
These are <b>his</b> socks.	These socks are <b>his</b> .	Rex's T-shirt	/IZ/
her	hers		
our	ours	Whose blouse i	is this? It's <b>Pat's</b> .
their	theirs	Whose jeans a	re these? They're Julie's

A Complete the conversations with the correct words in parentheses. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: Hey! These aren't \_\_\_\_\_ (our / ours) clothes!
  - B: You're right. ..... (Our / Ours) are over there.
  - 2. A: These aren't ...... (my / mine) gloves. Are they ....... (your / yours)?
    - B: No, they're not ...... (my / mine). Ask Sally. Maybe they're ...... (her / hers).
  - 3. A: ...... (Whose / Yours) T-shirts are these? Are they Julie's and Pat's?

**B CLASS ACTIVITY** Put one of your things in a box. Then choose a different thing from the box. Go around the class and find the owner.

A: Diego, is this watch yours?

B: No, it's not mine. Maybe it's Rex's.



B PAIR WORK Now talk about the people. What colors are their clothes?

Beth

Ana

Alex

Grace

A: What color is Patrick's shirt?

**Grea** 

B: It's green and white. and she studies that should white

Patrick



### Listen and practice.



Source: Yahoo! Travel

What season is it now? What's the weather like today? What's your favorite season?

### **CONVERSATION** It's really cold!

- Listen and practice.
- Pat: Oh, no!
- Julie: What's the matter?
- Pat: It's snowing! And it's windy, so it's really cold.
- Julie: Are you wearing your gloves?
- Pat: No, I'm not. They're at home.
- Julie: What about your scarf?
- Pat: It's at home, too.
- Julie: Well, you're wearing your coat.
  - Pat: But my coat isn't very warm. And I'm not wearing boots!
- Julie: Let's take a taxi.
- Pat: Good idea!



**GRAMMAR FOCUS** 

### Present continuous statements; conjunctions 🔘

I'm not	OR:	Conjunctions
You're not	You aren't	It's snowing,
She's not	She <b>isn't wearing</b> boots.	and it's windy.
We're not	We aren't	lt's sunny,
They're not	They <b>aren't</b>	but it's cold.
It's not	lt isn't raining.	It's windy, <b>so</b> it's very cold.
	She <b>'s not</b> We <b>'re not</b> They <b>'re not</b>	You're notYou aren'tShe's notShe isn't wearing boots.We're notWe aren'tThey're notThey aren't

A Complete these sentences. Then compare with a partner.



My name is Claire. I 'm wearing a green suit today. I high heels, too. It's raining, but I a raincoat.



It's very hot today. Toshi and Noriko shorts and T-shirts. It's really sunny, so they sunglasses.



Phil	. a suit today – he	
par	nts and a jacket.	
He	a light blue shirt, but	
he	a tie.	



It's cold today, but Kathy \_\_\_\_\_\_a coat. She \_\_\_\_\_\_gloves and a hat. She \_\_\_\_\_\_boots. She \_\_\_\_\_\_sneakers.

26 = Unit 4

### Present continuous yes/no questions 💿

Are you wearing gloves? Is she wearing boots? Are they wearing sunglasses? Yes, I am. Yes, she is.

No, I'm not. No, she's not./No, she isn't. Yes, they are. No, they're not./No, they aren't.

**PAIR WORK** Ask and answer these questions about the people in part A.

- 1. Is Claire wearing a green suit?
- 2. Is she wearing a raincoat?
- 3. Is she wearing high heels?
- 4. Are Toshi and Noriko wearing swimsuits?
- 5. Are they wearing jackets?
- 6. Are they wearing sunglasses?
- A: Is Claire wearing a green suit?
- B: Yes, she is. Is she wearing a raincoat?
- A: No, she's not. or No, she isn't.

C Write four more questions about the people in part A. Then ask a partner the questions.

### LISTENING He's wearing a T-shirt!

A 💿 Listen. Write the names Bruce, Beth, Jon, Anita, and Nick in the correct boxes.

**B GROUP WORK** Ask questions about the people in the picture.

A: Is Bruce wearing a light brown jacket? B: Yes, he is.

C: Is he wearing a tie?

**C** GROUP WORK Write five questions about your classmates. Then ask and answer the questions.

Are Sonia and Paulo wearing jeans? Is Paulo wearing a red shirt?



### **INTERCHANGE 4** Celebrity fashions

What are your favorite celebrities wearing? Go to Interchange 4 on pages 116–117.

Whose jeans are these? = 27

Bruce

adjective + noun

My suit is black. I'm wearing a **black suit**.

12. Is she wearing a hat and gloves?

7. Is Phil wearing brown pants?

8. Is he wearing a blue shirt?

9. Is he wearing a tie?

10. Is Kathy wearing boots?

11. Is she wearing a coat?

# Units 3–4 Progress check

### SELF-ASSESSMENT

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

3. Is alter what the Physical

I can	Very well	OK	A little
Ask and answer questions about countries of origin, nationalities, and languages (Ex. 1)			$\bigcirc$
Understand descriptions of people (Ex. 2) Ask and answer questions about people's appearance	0	0	0
and personality (Ex. 2, 5) Ask and answer questions about people's possessions (Ex. 3) Talk and write about my and other people's favorite things (Ex. 4)			0
Ask and answer questions about what people are wearing (Ex. 5)			

### INTERVIEW

Match the questions with the answers. Then ask and answer the second boost and a second provide the questions with a partner. Answer with your own information.

- 1. Are you from Malaysia? ....h
- 2. Where are you and your family from?
- 3. What is your hometown like?
- 4. Is English your first language?
- 5. Who is your best friend?
- 6. Are your classmates Brazilian?
- 7. How old is your best friend?
- 8. Is our teacher from the U.S.?

- a. It's very beautiful.
- b. Yes, she is.
- c. We're from Mexico.
- d. My best friend is Kevin.
- e. Yes, they are.
- f. No, it's not. It's Spanish.
- g. He's nineteen.
- h. No, I'm not. I'm from Thailand.

### LISTENING Who's that?

A  $\odot$  Listen to four conversations. Check ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct description for each person. You will check more than one adjective.


## WHOSE CLOTHES ARE THESE?

**CLASS ACTIVITY** Draw three pictures of clothes on different pieces of paper. Then put the papers in a bag. Take three different papers, go around the class, and find the owners.







- A: Gina, is this your cap? B: No, it's not mine. Maybe it's Emi's.
- A: Young-woo, are these your pants?
- B: Yes, they're mine. Thanks!

# **MY FAVORITE THINGS**

A Write your favorite things in the chart. Then ask a partner about his or her favorite things. Write them in the chart.

Favorite	Me	My partner
1. season		
2. color		
3. clothes		



B Compare answers. What's the same? What's different? Write sentences.

Summer is my favorite season, and it's Kyle's favorite season. That's the same. My favorite color is blue, but Kyle's favorite color is brown, so that's different.

# **GUESS THE CLASSMATE**

**GROUP WORK** Think of a student in the class. Your classmates ask yes/no questions to guess the student.

- A: I'm thinking of a student in this class.
- B: Is it a man?
- A: Yes, it is.
- C: Is he short?
- A: No, he isn't.
- D: Is he wearing blue jeans?

# WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

Units 3–4 Progress check = 29

# What are you doing?

# **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



Which cities are in the same time zones? Which cities are in your time zone?

# **CONVERSATION** What time is it there?

- Listen and practice.
- Debbie: Hello?
  - John: Hi, Debbie. This is John.
    - I'm calling from Australia.
- Debbie: Australia?
  - John: I'm at a conference in Sydney. Remember?
- Debbie: Oh, right. What time is it there? John: It's 10:00 P.M. And it's four o'clock there in Los Angeles. Right?
- Debbie: Yes four o'clock in the morning! John: 4:00 A.M.? Oh, I'm really sorry.
- Debbie: That's OK. I'm awake ... now.





- 1. It's nine o'clock in the evening. "It's 9:00 P.M." 5. It's 3:00 A.M.
- 2. It's eight o'clock in the morning.
- 3. It's twelve o'clock at night.
- 4. It's three in the afternoon.

- 7. It's 4:00 P.M.
- 8. It's 12:00 P.M.



### LISTENING It's 4:00 P.M. in Vancouver.



Tracy and Eric are calling friends in different parts of the world. Listen. What time is it in these cities?

City	Time
Vancouver	4:00 p.m.
Bangkok	
London	
Tokyo	
São Paulo	

# **CONVERSATION** I'm really hungry!

Listen and practice.

Steve: Hi, Mom.
Mom: What are you doing, Steve?
Steve: I'm cooking.
Mom: Why are you cooking now? It's two o'clock in the morning!
Steve: Well, I'm really hungry!
Mom: What are you making?
Steve: Pizza.
Mom: Oh? What kind?
Steve: Cheese and mushroom.
Mom: That's my favorite! Now I'm getting hungry. Let's eat!



# **PRONUNCIATION** Rising and falling intonation

A O Listen and practice. Notice the intonation of the yes/no and Wh-questions.

Is she getting up? Are they sleeping?

What's she doing? What are they doing?

32 = Unit 5

# GRAMMAR FOCUS Present continuous Wh-questions 💿



What's Victoria doing? She's sleeping right now.



What's Célia doing?





What's Marcos doing? It's 6:00 A.M., so he's getting up.



What are Sue and Tom doing? They're having breakfast.



What's Andrei doing? He's working.





Tokyo 9:00 P.M.

What are Jim and Ann doing?

It's noon, so they're eating lunch.

London 12:00 noon

What's Hiroshi doing? He's checking his email. Your city 00:00

What are you doing? lt's . . . . l'm . . .

A PAIR WORK Ask and answer the questions about the pictures.

- 1. Who's sleeping now?
- 2. Who's having breakfast?
- 3. Where's Andrei working?
- 4. Where's Hiroshi checking his email?
- 5. What's Célia wearing?
- 6. What's Marcos wearing?
- 7. Why is Marcos getting up?
- 8. Why are Jim and Ann having lunch?
- spelling sleep --> sleeping get  $\rightarrow$  getting (+ t) have ---> having (- e)

**B GROUP WORK** Write five more questions about the pictures. Then ask and answer your questions in groups.

	tice. "She's playing tenr	nis."	
play tennis	ride a bike		I Swim
take a	walk	drive	atch a movie
shop	read	Study	Watch television
B PAIR WORK Ask an A: Is she playing soccer B: No, she's not. A: What's she doing? B: She's playing tennis.	d answer questions at	bout the pictures in part of the details and number the actio	Α.
	eating dinner	💭 riding a bike	swimming

34 = Unit 5



# **Friends Across a Continent**

Skim the conversation. Write the name of the correct person under each picture.

Meg Martin and Kathy O'Brien chat online almost every day. Meg is an exchange student from the U.S. She's studying in Mexico. Kathy is in the U.S.

megm: Hi, there!

kathyo: Hi, Meg!

megm: What are you doing?

kathyo: I'm sitting on my bed with my laptop. I'm doing my homework.

megm: What are you working on?

kathyo: I'm writing an essay for Spanish class. :) Where are you?

megm: I'm in a café with my friend Carmen. I'm having coffee, and she's talking on the phone outside. How is your family?

kathyo: They're all fine! My father's watching a baseball game with his friends. My mother is out shopping.

megm: Where's your brother?

kathyo: John's playing soccer in the park. Oh, wait. My phone is ringing. My mother's calling me. I have to go! Bye!

megm: OK! Bye!



A Read the conversation. Who is doing these things? Complete the sentences.

is writing an essay.
 is having coffee.
 is talking on the phone.
 is watching a baseball game.
 is shopping.
 is playing soccer.

**B PAIR WORK** Imagine you are texting or chatting online. Where are you? Who are you communicating with? Write a short conversation.

# My sister works downtown.

SNAPSHOT

Listen and practice.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Check (1) the kinds of transportation you use. What are some other kinds of transportation?

# **CONVERSATION** Nice car!

- Listen and practice.
- Ashley: Nice car, Jason! Is it yours? Jason: No, it's my sister's. She has a new job, and she drives to work.
- Ashley: Is her job here in the suburbs? Jason: No, it's downtown.
- Ashley: My parents work downtown, but they don't drive to work. They use public transportation.
- Jason: The bus or the train?
- Ashley: The train doesn't stop near our house, so they take the bus.





### Simple present statements 🔘

1	walk	to school.
You	ride	your bike to school.
He	works	near here.
She	takes	the bus to work.
We	live	with our parents.
They	use	public transportation.

I don't livefar from here.You don't livenear here.Hedoesn't workdowntown.Shedoesn't driveto work.Wedon't livealone.Theydon't needa car.

do**n't** = do not does**n't** = does not

A Paul Carter is talking about his family. Complete the sentences with the correct verb forms. Then compare with a partner.

- My family and I \_\_\_\_\_\_ive \_\_\_\_\_ (live / lives) in the suburbs. My wife and I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (work / works) near here, so we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (walk / walks) to work. Our daughter Emily \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (work / works) downtown, so she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (drive / drives) to work. Our son \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (don't / doesn't) drive. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (ride / rides) his bike to school.
- verb endings: he, she, it walk  $\longrightarrow$  walks ride  $\longrightarrow$  rides study  $\longrightarrow$  studies watch  $\longrightarrow$  watches
- My parents \_\_\_\_\_\_ (live / lives) in the city. My mother \_\_\_\_\_\_ (take / takes) a train to work. My father is retired, so he \_\_\_\_\_\_ (don't / doesn't) work now. He also \_\_\_\_\_\_ (use / uses) public transportation, so they \_\_\_\_\_\_ (don't / doesn't)

Language

need a car.

### Simple present statements with irregular verbs 🔘

he/she/it

I/you/we/they I have a bike.

We **do** our homework every day. My parents **go** to work by bus. My father **has** a car. My mother **does** a lot of work at home. The bus **goes** downtown.

**B** Ashley is talking about her family and her friend Jason. Complete the sentences. Then compare with a partner.

- 1. My parents have (have / has) a house in the suburbs. My mom and dad (go / goes) downtown to work. My parents are very busy, so I (do / does) a lot of work at home.

**C PAIR WORK** Tell your partner about your family.

"I have one brother and two sisters. My brother is a teacher. He has a car, so he drives to work."

# **PRONUNCIATION** Third-person singular -s endings

Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of the -s endings.

s = /s/take takes sleep sleeps s = /z/ drive drives study stud**ies**  (e)s = /IZ/ dance dances watch watches *irregular* do do**es** have ha**s** 

## **CONVERSATION** I get up at noon.

Listen and practice.

- Jack: Let's go to the park on Sunday.
- Amy: OK, but let's go in the afternoon. I sleep late on weekends.
- Jack: What time do you get up on Sundays?
- Amy: At ten o'clock.
- Jack: Oh, that's early. On Sundays, I get up at noon.
- Amy: Really? Do you eat breakfast then?
- Jack: Sure. I have breakfast every day.

Amy: Then let's meet at this restaurant at one o'clock. They serve breakfast all day!



Simple present questions	0		
<ul> <li>Do you get up early? No, I get up late.</li> <li>Does he eat lunch at noon? No, he eats lunch at one o'clock.</li> <li>Do they take the bus to class? No, they take the subway.</li> </ul>	What time do y At ten o'clock. What time doe At eight o'cloc When do they to On Tuesdays o	<b>as</b> he <b>have</b> dinner? k. <b>ake</b> the subway?	
A Complete the questions with <i>do</i> or <i>d</i>	oes.		
<ol> <li>Do you get up early on week</li> <li>What time you go home</li> </ol>	kdays?	time expr	ressions
3.       your father work on wee         4.       your mother cook every         5.       your parents read in the         6.       When       your parents shop         7.       you check your email at         8.       What time       you study?         9.       When       your best friend drive to	kends? day? evening? o? night? ner?	early late every day <b>at</b> 9:00 <b>at</b> noon / midnight <b>at</b> night	in the morning in the afternoor in the evening on Sundays on weekdays on weekends
from part A. Use time expressions from	estions the box.		
A: Do you get up early on weekdays? B: Yes. I get up at seven o'clock.	the box.		
A: Do you get up early on weekdays?	the box. ete the conversat	ions. Then ask ion.	
<ul> <li>A: Do you get up early on weekdays?</li> <li>B: Yes. I get up at seven o'clock.</li> <li>C Unscramble the questions to complete a partner the questions. Answer with you</li> <li>1. A: Do you check your email every day you / every day / check your email</li> </ul>	the box. ete the conversati our own informati	ions. Then ask ion.	
<ul> <li>A: Do you get up early on weekdays?</li> <li>B: Yes. I get up at seven o'clock.</li> <li>C Unscramble the questions to complete a partner the questions. Answer with you</li> <li>1. A: Do you check your email every day you / every day / check your email B: Yes, I check my email every day.</li> </ul>	the box. ete the conversati our own informati il / do	ions. Then ask ion.	
<ul> <li>A: Do you get up early on weekdays?</li> <li>B: Yes. I get up at seven o'clock.</li> <li>C Unscramble the questions to complete a partner the questions. Answer with you</li> <li>1. A: Do you check your email every day you / every day / check your email</li> </ul>	the box. ete the conversatiour own informati il / do ?	ions. Then ask ion.	
<ul> <li>A: Do you get up early on weekdays?</li> <li>B: Yes. I get up at seven o'clock.</li> <li>C Unscramble the questions to complete a partner the questions. Answer with you a partner the questions. Answer with you / every day / check your email every day you / every day / check your email every day.</li> <li>1. A: Do you check my email every day.</li> <li>B: Yes, I check my email every day.</li> <li>2. A:</li></ul>	the box. ete the conversatiour own informati il / do il / do ? nis class	ions. Then ask ion.	
<ul> <li>A: Do you get up early on weekdays?</li> <li>B: Yes. I get up at seven o'clock.</li> <li>C Unscramble the questions to complete a partner the questions. Answer with you a partner the questions. Answer with you / every day / check your email every day you / every day / check your email B: Yes, I check my email every day.</li> <li>A:</li></ul>	the box. ete the conversatiour own informati ? il / do ? nis class K.	ions. Then ask ion.	
<ul> <li>A: Do you get up early on weekdays?</li> <li>B: Yes. I get up at seven o'clock.</li> <li>C Unscramble the questions to complete a partner the questions. Answer with you a partner the questions. Answer with you / every day / check your email every day you / every day / check your email every day.</li> <li>1. A: Do you check my email every day.</li> <li>B: Yes, I check my email every day.</li> <li>2. A:</li></ul>	the box. ete the conversatiour own informati il / do il / do nis class k.	ions. Then ask ion.	

# LISTENING Marsha's weekly routine

Listen to Marsha talk about her weekly routine. Check (✓) the days she does each thing.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
get up early go to work exercise see friends see family study							



## **MY ROUTINE**

A What do you do every week? Write things in the chart.

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
			dered -			
						old Berlin
			600023		5-16 X8A 10	CAN BUCK
			and sold		ites turne esec	(30)463 (C
					se yksisten t	apartos na
					practicevern o	tog tiles
		ST PROBABLY				E)
		- moitwee	velatioworky		A latohtsap	erit residen

**B GROUP WORK** Discuss your weekly routines. Ask and answer questions.

160 160 100

- A: I go to bed late on Fridays.
- B: What do you do on Friday nights?
- A: I see my friends. We watch television or play video games.
- C: On Fridays, I study in the evening. I see my friends on the weekend.



# **INTERCHANGE 6** Class survey

Find out more about your classmates. Go to Interchange 6 on page 120.





BD: My only time to study is in the evening, from eight until midnight.

JR: I finish at 6:00 P.M., and I have dinner downtown. MS: Do you work every day? JR: No, I work on Fridays, Saturdays, and Sundays.

to bed? MC: I go to bed at 5:00 in

the morning.

Read the article. Then number the activities in each person's schedule from 1 to 5.

### **Brittany Davis**

- a. She goes to class.
- b. She takes the bus.
- c. She works.
- d. She studies.
- 1 e. She gets up.
- B Write five sentences about your schedule. Are you an "early bird" or a "night owl"? Compare with a partner.

#### **Justin Reid**

- a. He has breakfast.
- b. He starts work.
- c. He eats dinner.
- ..... d. He gets up.
- e. He goes for a run.

- Maya Choo
- a. She has dinner.
- b. She finishes work.
- c. She goes to bed.
- d. She goes to work.
  - e. She goes home.
- night owl early bird

My sister works downtown. 41

# Units 5–6 Progress check

## SELF-ASSESSMENT

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

l can	Very well	OK	A little
Understand times and descriptions of activities (Ex. 1) Ask and answer questions about present activities (Ex. 2)	0	0	Q
Talk about personal routines (Ex. 3)	Ő	Ő	ŏ
Ask and answer questions about routines (Ex. 4)	0	Ø	Ø
Ask and answer questions about people's lifestyles and appearance (Ex. 5)		Ø	$\bigcirc$

# LISTENING Around the world

It's 9 A.M. in Los Angeles. Vanessa is calling friends around the world. Listen to the conversations and complete the chart.

	City	Time	Activity
1. Sarah	New York	and point bad. 27	nas on seath and
2. Manuel	1, 1991 (19) (1, 19) 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<b>3.</b> Bob			



- Student A: Imagine your classmates are on vacation. Student B calls you. Ask questions about your classmates.
- Student B: Imagine you are on vacation with your classmates. Call Student A. Answer Student A's questions about your classmates.

### A: Hello?

- B: Hi, it's .... I'm on vacation in ..A: In ...? Wow! What are you doing?
- B: ...
- A: Who are you with?
- B: ...
- A: What's he/she doing?
- B: ...
- A: Well, have fun. Bye!

# **MY DAILY ROUTINE**

A Choose one day of the week and write it in the blank. What do you do on this day? Complete the chart.

	Day
In the morning	<u></u>
In the afternoon In the evening	
At night	

### **B PAIR WORK** Tell your partner about your routine.

- A: On Saturdays, I exercise in the morning. I play soccer with my friends.
- B: What time do you play?
- A: We play at 10:00.

# LIFESTYLE SURVEY

Answer the questions in the chart. Check ( $\checkmark$ ) Yes or No.

	Yes	No	Name
<ol> <li>Do you live with your parents?</li> <li>Do both your parents work?</li> <li>Do you watch television at night?</li> </ol>		000	
4. Do you eat dinner with your family?	Ő	Õ	
<ul><li>5. Do you stay home on weekends?</li><li>6. Do you work on Saturdays?</li></ul>	Ő	Õ	

**B CLASS ACTIVITY** Go around the class and find classmates with the same answers. Write their names in the chart. Try to write a different name on each line.

# WHO IS IT?

**GROUP WORK** Think of a famous person. Your classmates ask yes/no questions to guess the person.

Is it a man? a woman? Does he/she live in . . . ? Is he/she a singer? an actor? Is he/she tall? short? Does he/she wear glasses?

# WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

# Does it have a view?

## **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



Source: www.floorplanner.com

What rooms are in houses in your country? What rooms are in apartments? What rooms are in your house or apartment?

# **CONVERSATION** My new apartment

- Listen and practice.
- Linda: Guess what! I have a new apartment.
- Chris: That's great! What's it like?
- Linda: It's really nice.
- Chris: Is it very big?
- Linda: Well, it has a big living room, a bedroom, a bathroom, and a kitchen.
- Chris: Nice! Do you live downtown?
- Linda: No, I don't. I live near the university.
- Chris: Does it have a view?
- Linda: Yes, it does. It has a great view of another apartment building!



# **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

### Simple present short answers 🕑

Do you live in an apartment? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.
Do the bedrooms have windows? Yes, they do. / No, they don't. Does Chris live in a house? Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.
Does the house have a yard? Yes, it does. / No, it doesn't.



A Complete the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

Linda:	Do you live in an apartment?
Chris:	No, I in a house.
	it a yard?
	Yes, it
Linda:	That sounds nice you
	alone?
Chris:	No, I with my family.
Linda:	you any brothers or
	sisters?
Chris:	Yes, I four sisters.
Linda:	Really? your house
	many bedrooms?
Chris:	Yes, it It four.
Linda:	you your own
	bedroom?
Chris:	Yes, I



**B PAIR WORK** Read the conversation in part A again. Ask and answer these questions about Chris.

- 1. Does he live in an apartment?
- 2. Does his house have a yard?

- 3. Does he live alone?
- 4. Does he have his own room?

**C PAIR WORK** Write five questions to ask your partner about his or her home. Then ask and answer the questions.

## **LISTENING** It has just one room.

Listen to four people describe their homes. Number the pictures from 1 to 4.









Does it have a view? • 45



Kitchen	table	stove		
Dining room	table			
Living room				
Bedroom	and the set	Second State		

**GROUP WORK** What furniture is in your house or apartment? Tell your classmates.

"My living room has a sofa, a rug, and a TV...."

10

# **CONVERSATION** There aren't any chairs.

### Listen and practice.

- Chris: This apartment is great.
- Linda: Thanks. I love it, but I really need some furniture. Chris: What do you need?
- Linda: Oh, I need lots of things. There are some chairs in the kitchen, but there isn't a table.
- Chris: And there's no sofa here in the living room.
- Linda: And there aren't any chairs. There's only this lamp.
- Chris: So let's go shopping next weekend.



# **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

### There is, there are 🕑

There's a bed in the bedroom. There's no sofa in the bedroom. There isn't a table in the kitchen. There are some chairs in the kitchen. There are no chairs in the living room. There aren't any chairs in the living room. There's = There is

A Look at the picture of Linda's apartment. Complete the sentences. Then practice with a partner.

1.	 dresser in the bedroom.	5.	rugs on the floor. curtains on the windows.
2	chairs in the kitchen.	6.	
3.	 TV in the living room.	7.	mirror in the bedroom.
4.	 refrigerator.	8.	 books in the bookcase.



B Write five sentences about things you have or don't have in your classroom. Then compare with a partner.

There are 10 desks in the classroom.

# **INTERCHANGE 7** Find the differences

Compare two apartments. Go to Interchange 7 on page 121.



48 = Unit 7



# **Unusual Homes**

Scan the article. Where are the lofts? Where does Dan Phillips build houses?

Shusaku Arakawa and Madeline Gins are famous designers. Their nine lofts near Tokyo, Japan, are very colorful. The apartments are blue, pink, red, yellow, and other bright colors. Inside, the walls are colorful, too. The floors go up and down, and some rooms are round. The windows have strange shapes, so there are no curtains. There are small doors to the outside. Inside, there aren't any closets. The bookcase is in the middle of the living room.

Dan Phillips likes to help people. He builds houses for artists and other low-income people in Huntsville, Texas, in the United States. One house, the "tree house," is in a large tree in the forest. It has windows on the floor! It also has a small kitchen. The bed is on the upstairs floor. There is a woodburning stove from an old ship in the living room. Phillips teaches people how to build houses with recycled materials.

Read the article. What's in each home? Complete the chart.

bed on the upstairs floor ✓ colorful walls bookcase windows on the floor closets wood-burning stove

Arakawa and Gins's lofts	Dan Phillips's tree house
<ol> <li>There are <u>colorful walls</u></li> <li>There aren't any</li></ol>	<ul> <li>4. There are</li> <li>5. There is a</li> <li>6. There is a</li> </ul>

**B GROUP WORK** Talk about these questions.

- 1. Imagine you are painting your house. What colors do you use? Why?
- 2. Imagine you are building a house. Do you use new materials or recycled materials? Why?

# What do you do?

## WORD POWER Jobs

### A 💿 Match the jobs with the pictures. Then listen and practice.

- a. accountant
- b. bellhop
- f. front desk clerk
- c. cashier d. doctor
- g. nurse

e. electrician

- h. office manager
- i. painter j. plumber n. security guard ✓ k. police officer o. taxi driver
  - m. salesperson I. receptionist p. vendor













**B PAIR WORK** Ask questions about the people in part A. What are their jobs?

- A: What's her job?
- B: She's a police officer.

# THE WORKPLACE

# **A PAIR WORK** Who works in these places? Complete the chart with jobs from Exercise 1. Add one more job to each list.



In a hospital	In an office	In a store	In a hotel
doctor			1 - 21 - 21 - 21 - 21 - 21 - 21 - 21 -
nurse			

**B** CLASS ACTIVITY Ask and answer Who questions about jobs. Use these words.

wears a uniform stands all day

sits all day handles money talks to people works at night works hard makes a lot of money

A: Who wears a uniform?

B: A police officer wears a uniform.

C: And a security guard ...

## **CONVERSATION** He works in a hotel.

Listen and practice.

Rachel: Where does your brother work?

Angela: In a hotel.

- Rachel: Oh, really? My brother works in a hotel, too. He's a front desk clerk.
- Angela: How does he like it?
- Rachel: He hates it. He doesn't like the manager.
- Angela: That's too bad. What hotel does he work for?
- Rachel: The Plaza.

Angela: That's funny. My brother works there, too.

Rachel: Oh, that's interesting. What does he do?

Angela: Actually, he's the manager!



What do you do? = 51

# **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

### Simple present Wh-questions 🔘

Where do you work? In a hospital. What do you do? l'm a doctor. How do you like it? I really like it.

Where does he work? In a hotel. What does he do? He's a manager. How does he like it? It's OK.

Where do they work? In a store. What do they do? They're cashiers. How do they like it? They hate it.

A Complete these conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- B: My sister? She's a nurse.
- A: does she it? B: It's difficult, but she loves it.
- 1. A: What does your sister do ? 3. A: do your parents their jobs? B: Oh, I guess they like them. A: I don't remember. do they ?
  - B: In an office in the city.
- 2. A: \_\_\_\_\_ does your brother \_\_\_\_\_? 4. A: \_\_\_\_\_ do you \_\_\_\_\_?
  - B: In a hotel. He's a front desk clerk. A: Oh? does he it?

  - B: He doesn't really like it.

- B: I'm a student.
  - A: I see. ...... do you ...... your classes?
  - B: They're great. I like them a lot.

**B PAIR WORK** Ask questions about these people. Where do they work? What do they do? How do they like it?



A: Where does David work? B: He works in ...





# **PRONUNCIATION** Reduction of do

Listen and practice. Notice the reduction of do.

Where do you work? What do you do?

Where do they work? What do they do?



20003 SAMMARS



# What do you do? What's your job like?



I'm a server in a coffee shop. It's easy, but boring. I don't like my job much.



I'm a firefighter. It's exciting and very dangerous, but I like my job a lot.



I'm a social worker. It's difficult and really stressful, but I love my job.



I'm a florist. My job isn't very exciting, but it's pretty relaxing. I like my job OK.

Source: www.careercast.com

Who likes his or her job? Who doesn't? Why or why not? How do they describe their jobs? Write one more adjective for each job.



# **CONVERSATION** Please be careful!

Listen and practice.

	Hey, Stephanie. I hear you have a new job.
Stephanie:	Yes. I'm teaching math at Lincoln
	High School.
Richard:	How do you like it?
	It's great. The students are terrific.
	How are things with you?
Richard:	Not bad. I'm a window washer now,
	you know.
Stephanie:	Really? How do you like it?
	It's a stressful job. And it's pretty dangerous
Stephanie:	Please be careful!



# LISTENING It's pretty boring.

Listen to four people talk about their jobs. Complete the chart with the correct jobs and adjectives.

What's it like?	o you do?	
	neveral contractor	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
 Least in the second		Monica
 		Hye-soon
 		Kirk
 		Philip

What do you do? • 53





Placement of adjectives 💿

### be + adjective

A doctor's job **is stressful**. A window washer's job **is dangerous**.

### adjective + noun

A doctor has **a stressful job**. A window washer has **a dangerous job**.

### A Write each sentence a different way. Then compare with a partner.

- 1. A doctor's job is interesting. A doctor has an interesting job.
- 2. A police officer's job is dangerous.
- 3. A teacher's job is stressful.
- 4. A plumber has a boring job.
- 5. An electrician has a difficult job.
- 6. A vendor has an easy job.

### **B GROUP WORK** Write one job for each adjective.

Do your classmates agree?

- Souther reality and
- 1. exciting flight attendant 4. boring
  - 4. boring
- 3. dangerous \_\_\_\_\_ 6. relaxing \_\_\_\_\_



- A: A flight attendant has an exciting job.
- B: I don't agree. A flight attendant's job is boring.
- C: I think ...

# **INTERCHANGE 8** The perfect job

What do you want in a job? Go to Interchange 8 on page 122.

# **WORKDAY ROUTINES**

**GROUP WORK** Ask three classmates about their jobs (or their friends' or family members' jobs). Then tell the class.

#### Ask about a classmate

Do you have a job? Where do you work? What do you do, exactly? Is your job interesting? What time do you start work? When do you finish work? Do you like your job? What do you do after work? ... Ask about a classmate's friend or family member Tell me about your . . . Where does he/she work? What does he/she do, exactly? Is his/her job difficult? What time does he/she start work? When does he/she finish work? Does he/she like his/her job? What does he/she do after work? . . .

54 = Unit 8





Look at the photos. Which jobs look interesting? Why?



dog groomer

Lots of Marco Mendez's friends walk on four legs. He makes these furry friends beautiful. Marco is a professional dog groomer. He likes his job a lot because it's never boring. Each dog has a different personality. What's his favorite kind of dog? He's not telling!



video game designer

Hal Garner has his dream job. He plays video games all day long! Hal is a game designer for a large video game company. He makes new games and tests them. It's always exciting, and he almost always wins!



wedding planner

**Lila Martin** goes to nice restaurants, eats cake, listens to bands – and gets paid for it! Lila is a wedding planner. She chooses the place, the food, and the music for people's weddings. It's stressful because everything needs to be perfect!



Junko Watanabe has a sweet life. She makes bread, cookies, and cakes in her neighborhood bakery. Junko really likes her job. Her salary isn't great, but the customers love her cakes and cookies, so she's happy.

Read the article. Who says these things? Write your guesses.
1. "I go to work very early in the morning."
2. "I know every restaurant in town."
3. "After work, I need to take a bath!"
4. "I sit down all day long!"

B Write a short description of a job, but don't write the name of the job. Then read it to the class. Your classmates guess the job.

# Units 7–8 Progress check

## SELF-ASSESSMENT

How well can you do these things? Check ( $\checkmark$ ) the boxes.

l can	Very well	OK	A little
Ask and answer questions about living spaces (Ex. 1)	0	0	$\bigcirc$
Talk about rooms and furniture (Ex. 1)			$\bigcirc$
Ask and answer questions about work (Ex. 2)			0
Understand descriptions of jobs (Ex. 3)			$\bigcirc$
Give and respond to opinions about jobs (Ex. 4)			Ø

# A NEW APARTMENT

A Imagine you are moving into this apartment. What things are in the rooms? Draw pictures. Use the furniture in the box and your own ideas.

chaire drasser mirror 4	bed	desk	lamp	sofa
chairs aresser mirror re	chairs	dresser	mirror	table

**B PAIR WORK** Ask questions about your partner's apartment.

- A: I'm moving into a new apartment!
- B: That's great! Where is it?
- A: ...
- B: What's it like? Does it have many rooms?
- A: Well, it has ...
- B: Does the ... have ...?
- A: ...
- B: Do you have a lot of furniture?
- A: Well, there's ... in the ... There are some ... in the ...
- B: Do you have everything you need for the apartment?
- A: No, I don't. There's no . . . There isn't any . . . There aren't any . . .
- B: OK. Let's go shopping this weekend!



# WHERE DOES HE WORK?



- 1. A: Where does your father work ? 2. A:
  - B: My father? He works in a store.
  - A: \_\_\_\_\_? B: He's a salesperson.
  - A: ......?
  - B: He likes his job a lot!

- B: I'm an accountant.
- A: .....? B: I work in an office.
- A:
- B: It's OK. I guess I like it.

?

**B PAIR WORK** Your partner asks the questions in part A. Answer with your own information.

# LISTENING Where do they work?

Solution Linda, Kyle, and Wendy talk about their jobs. Check ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct answers.

Where do they work?			What do the	y do?
1. Linda 2. Kyle 3. Wendy	<ul> <li>office</li> <li>hospital</li> <li>hotel</li> </ul>	store school	<ul> <li>receptionist</li> <li>nurse</li> <li>manager</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>doctor</li> <li>teacher</li> <li>bellhop</li> </ul>

# AN INTERESTING JOB

**GROUP WORK** What do you think of these jobs? Give your opinions.









A: I think a farmer has a boring job.

- B: I don't really agree. I think a farmer's job is relaxing.
- C: Well, I think a farmer's job is difficult....

# WHAT'S NEXT?

Exercise noonles, and granges, i don'

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

Units 7–8 Progress check = 57

# Do we need any eggs?

WORD POWER Foods

A 💿 Listen and practice.



B What foods do you like? What foods don't you like? Make a list. Then tell a partner.

A: I like rice, noodles, and oranges. I don't like fish, cheese, and carrots.
B: I like . . .

I don't like
fish
cheese
carrots

# **CONVERSATION** How about some sandwiches?

### Listen and practice.

Adam:	What do you want for the picnic?
Amanda:	Hmm. How about some sandwiches?
Adam:	OK. We have some chicken, but we
	don't have any bread.
Amanda:	And we don't have any cheese.
Adam:	Do we have any lettuce?
Amanda:	Let's see No, we need some.
	Let's get some tomatoes, too.
Amanda:	OK. And let's buy some potato salad.
Adam:	All right. Everyone likes potato salad.



# **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

### Count and noncount nouns; some and any 💿

### Count nouns

an egg —> eggs a sandwich —> sandwiches

Do we need **any** eggs? Yes. Let's get **some** (eggs). No. We do**n't** need **any** (eggs). bread lettuce

Do we need **any** bread? Yes. Let's get **some** (bread). No. We do**n't** need **any** (bread).

Noncount nouns

A Complete the conversation with some or any.

Amanda:The store doesn't haveanypotato salad.Adam:Well, we have lots of potatoes. Let's make!Amanda:OK. Do we havemayonnaise?Adam:No. We need to buy.Amanda:We needonions, too.Adam:Oh, I don't wantonions. I hate onions!Amanda:Then let's getcelery.Adam:No. I don't wantcelery in my potato salad.But let's putapples in it.Amanda:Apples in potato salad? That sounds awful!

Complete the chart with foods from Exercise 1. Then compare with a partner.

Count		Noncount	
eggs	 	cream	 

Do we need any eggs? 59



What do you have for breakfast? Check (1) the foods. What else do you have for breakfast?

# **CONVERSATION** Fish for breakfast?

### Listen and practice.

Sarah: Let's have breakfast together on Sunday. Kumiko: OK. Come to my house. My family always has a Japanese-style breakfast on Sundays. Sarah: Really? What do you have? Kumiko: We usually have fish, rice, and soup. Sarah: Fish for breakfast? That's interesting. Kumiko: Sometimes we have a salad, too. And we always have green tea. Sarah: Well, I never eat fish for breakfast, but I like to try new things.

# **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

### Adverbs of frequency 🔘

always usually often sometimes eat breakfast. hardly ever never

Sometimes I eat breakfast.

Do you **ever** have fish for breakfast? Yes, I **always** do. **Sometimes** I do. No. I **never** do.

00

00

always usually often sometimes hardly ever never

100%

0%

A Put the adverbs in the correct places. Then practice with a partner.

usually

- A: What do you have for breakfast? (usually)
- B: Well, I have coffee and cereal. (often)
- A: Do you eat breakfast at work? (ever)
- B: I have breakfast at my desk. (sometimes)
- A: Do you eat rice for breakfast? (usually)
- B: No, I have rice. (hardly ever)

B Unscramble the sentences.

- 1. I / have breakfast / on / never / weekends I never have breakfast on weekends.
- 2. work / I / snacks / eat / at / hardly ever
- 3. eat / for / pasta / dinner / sometimes / l
- 4. have / I / dinner / with / often / family / my

C Rewrite the sentences from part B with your own information. Then compare with a partner.

- A: I always have breakfast on weekends.
- B: I hardly ever have breakfast on weekends. I usually get up late.





Do we need any eggs? = 61

# LISTENING Really? Never?

A O Paul and Megan are talking about food. How often does Megan eat these foods? Listen and check (1) Often, Sometimes, or Never.

	Often	Sometimes	Never
pasta			$\bigcirc$
hamburgers	$\square$		$\bigcirc$
fish	$\square$	Q	$\square$
eggs broccoli	$\Box$		
broccoli	$\bigcirc$	$\square$	

**B GROUP WORK** Do you ever eat the foods in part A? Tell your classmates.

- A: I often eat pasta.
- B: Really? I never eat pasta.
- C: Well, I . . .

# MEALTIME HABITS

A Add two questions about mealtime habits to the chart. Then ask two people the questions. Write their names and complete the chart.

	Name:	Name:
1. Do you always eat breakfast?		
2. What time do you usually eat lunch?		
<ol><li>Do you ever eat cereal for dinner?</li></ol>		
4. Do you ever go to a restaurant for breakfast?		
5. What's something you never eat for lunch?		
6. What do you usually drink with dinner?		
?		
8		

A: Manuel, do you always eat breakfast?B: No, I hardly ever do.

**B CLASS ACTIVITY** Tell your classmates about your partners' mealtime habits.

"Manuel hardly ever eats breakfast. But he always eats lunch and dinner...."

# **INTERCHANGE 9** Snack survey

Complete a snack survey. Go to Interchange 9 on page 123.



nalizatile Britanetice in 1971



# EATING for GOOD LUCK

Look at the pictures. On special occasions, do you ever eat any of these foods?

# On New Year's Day, many people eat special foods for good luck in the new year.



Some Chinese people eat tangerines and oranges. "Tangerine" sounds like "luck" and "orange" sounds like "wealth" in the Mandarin language.



In Greece and some other Mediterranean countries, people eat pomegranates. Pomegranates bring wealth in the new year.



In Spain and some Latin American countries, people eat 12 grapes at midnight on New Year's Eve – one grape for good luck in each month of the new year.



At the end of the year in Sweden, people eat rice pudding with an almond inside. Everyone tries to find the almond for good luck in the new year.



On New Year's Day in South Korea, people eat *dduk guk* – soup with rice cakes – for strength and health in the new year.



Some Americans from southern states eat black-eyed peas and rice with collard greens. The black-eyed peas are like coins, and the greens are like dollar bills.

A Read the article. Then correct these sentences.

- 1. In Mandarin, the word "tangerine" sounds like "wealth."
- 2. Greeks eat pomegranates. Pomegranates bring health.
- 3. People in Spain eat 12 grapes, one grape for good luck in each hour of the day.
- 4. Swedish people eat rice pudding with money inside.
- 5. Koreans eat soup with chocolate cake for strength and health.
- 6. Some Americans eat black-eyed peas. Black-eyed peas are like dollar bills.

**B GROUP WORK** Do you eat anything special on New Year's Day for good luck? Do you do anything special? Tell your classmates.

What sports do you play?

# **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



Source: Adapted from ESPN Information Please Sports Almanac

What sports are popular in your country? Check (1) the sports. Do you like sports? What sports do you play or watch?

# CONVERSATION | love sports.

Listen and practice.

Lauren: So, Justin, what do you do in your free time? Justin: Well, I love sports. Lauren: Really? What sports do you like?

- Justin: My favorites are hockey, baseball, and soccer.
- Lauren: Wow, you're a really good athlete! When do you play all these sports?

Justin: Oh, I don't play these sports.

Lauren: What do you mean?

Justin: I just watch them on TV!
#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Simple present Wh-questions 💿

What sports do you play? Who do you play baseball with? Where do you play? How often do you practice? When do you practice? What time do you start? I play hockey and baseball. I play with some friends from work. We play at Hunter Park. We practice once or twice a week. We practice on Sundays. We start at ten o'clock in the morning.

A Complete the conversations with the correct Wh-question words. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: I watch sports on TV every weekend.
  - B: Really? What sports do you like to watch?
  - A: Soccer. It's my favorite!
  - B: ..... do you usually watch soccer?
  - A: On Sunday afternoons.

  - A: No, at my friend's house. He has a really big TV!
- 2. A: ..... do you go bike riding?
  - B: Oh, about once a month.
  - A: I love to go bike riding. I go every Saturday.
  - B: Really? ...... do you go?
  - A: Usually at about one o'clock.
  - B: Oh, yeah? ..... do you usually go with?
  - A: My sister. Come with us next time!

Complete the conversation with Wh-questions. Then compare with a partner.

- A: What sports do you like ? B: I like a lot of sports, but I really love volleyball!
- A: \_\_\_\_\_?
- B: I usually play with my sister and some friends.
- A: ......?
- B: We practice on Saturdays.
- A: B: We start at about noon.
- A:
- B: We usually play in our yard, but sometimes we play at the beach.

**C PAIR WORK** Ask your partner five questions about sports or other activities. Then tell the class.

- A: What sports do you like?
- B: I don't like sports very much.
- A: Oh? What do you like to do in your free time?





What sports do you play? = 65

### **LISTENING** What sports do you like?

Listen to the conversations about sports.
 Complete the chart.

Favorite sport	Do they pla	y or watch it?
	Play	Watch
1. Casey golf	Ø	$\bigcirc$
2. John	Ø	$\bigcirc$
3. Sue		0
4. Henry	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$



## FREE-TIME ACTIVITIES

A Add one question about free-time activities to the chart. Then ask two people the questions. Write their names and complete the chart.

		Name:	Name:
1. What sports do you like?			
2. What sports do you dislike?			
3. What do you do on Sundays?			
4. What do you like to do in the summer?			<u> 1999 - Anna Mariana anna anna anna anna anna anna ann</u>
5. How often do you play video games?			() <u></u>
6.	?		

A: Jae-hoon, what sports do you like?

B: I like a lot of sports. My favorites are soccer and baseball.

**B CLASS ACTIVITY** Tell your classmates about your partners' free-time activities.

#### **CONVERSATION** I can't sing.

Listen and practice.

- Kayla: Oh, look. There's a talent contest on Saturday. Let's enter.
- Philip: I can't enter a talent contest. What can I do?
- Kayla: You can sing really well.
- Philip: Oh, thanks.... Well, you can, too.
- Kayla: Oh, no. I can't sing at all but I can play the piano.
- Philip: So maybe we can enter the contest.
- Kayla: Sure. Why not?
- Philip: OK. Let's practice tomorrow!





LISTENING I can do that!



● Listen to three people talk about their abilities. Check (✓) the things they can do well.

#### WORD POWER

A O Complete the word map with abilities and talents from the list. Then listen and check.



**B GROUP WORK** Who can do the things in part A? Make a list of guesses about your classmates.

A: Who can bake a cake?B: I think Sophie can.C: Who can download ...?

bake a cake - Sophie download a video -

C CLASS ACTIVITY Go around the room and check your guesses.

A: Sophie, can you bake a cake? B: Yes, I can.

#### **INTERCHANGE 10** Hidden talents

Learn more about your classmates' hidden talents. Go to Interchange 10 on page 124.



# An interview with Shawn Johnson

How often do you think professional athletes practice?

Where are you from?

Who do you train with?

How often do you practice?

Most athletes train about 45 hours a week. But my parents want me to have a "normal life."

I train about 25 hours a week. I usually work out

four hours a day during the week, and five to six hours on Saturdays. I don't practice on Sundays.

What do you eat to stay healthy?

I have to watch my diet to be a healthy gymnast.

But I don't get stressed about it.

A lot of people think I have a private coach.

But I train with 13 other girls at the gym!



Des Moines, Iowa. I live there now.



Get a sneak peek inside the life of this U.S. gold medal-winning Olympic gymnast!



#### What are your favorite foods?

Chicken and steak kebabs, peaches and cream, and corn on the cob.

What do you do when you're not training?

I love to ride horses and spend time with my friends.

#### What do you do for good luck?

I always travel with my blankets. But I don't believe in good-luck charms!

Who are your biggest fans?

My mom, dad, and of course my coach!

A Read the interview. Then check ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct answers to the questions.

- Who does Shawn train with?
   a. just her coach
   b. other gymnasts
- 2. How often does she practice? a. 25 hours a week b. 45 hours a week
- 3. How much does she train on Saturdays?
  a. four hours
  b. five to six hours
- 4. What does she like to do in her free time?
  a. at in restaurants
  b. at in restaurants
- 5. What does she travel with?a. a good-luck charmb. her blankets

**B GROUP WORK** Do you think athletes have an easy life? Is playing a sport fun, or hard work? Discuss your reasons with your classmates.



What sports do you play? • 69

# Units 9–10 Progress check

**Very well** 

OK

A little

#### **SELF-ASSESSMENT**

How well can you do these things? Check ( $\checkmark$ ) the boxes.

#### I can . . . .

Make and respond to suggestions (Ex. 1) Talk about food and drink (Ex. 1, 2) Ask and answer questions about eating habits (Ex. 2) Understand descriptions of sporting activities (Ex. 3) Ask and answer questions about likes and dislikes (Ex. 4) Talk about job abilities (Ex. 5)

#### **CLASS PICNIC**

**GROUP WORK** Plan a class picnic. Choose two main dishes, two salads, two drinks, and two desserts. Then tell the class.

Main dishes	The land as such as	useful expressions
Salads		Do we want any ?
Drinks	the material and the second	Let's get/make some . I don't want/like
Desserts		

# 2

#### AT THE MOVIES

**PAIR WORK** Does your partner ever have these things at the movies? Ask questions and complete the survey.



A: Do you have popcorn at the movies?

B: Yes, I always have popcorn.

#### LISTENING What do you play? Listen to Jenny ask Ben about sports. Check ( ) Ben's answers. 5. On the weekends. 3. 🔘 At 6:30 p.m. 1. I play baseball. In the afternoons. At 6:30 A.M. I play basketball. 2. Some friends from school. 4. Every day. 6. At the park. In the yard. Every week. Some friends from work. WHAT DO YOU LIKE? A Complete the chart with things you love, like, and don't like.

Carl Standard	l love	THRE	Tuon Thice
Sports			
Foods			
Clothes			

PAIR WORK Find out what your partner loves, likes, and doesn't like. Then ask more questions with who, where, how often, or when.

A: What sports do you love?

B: I love ice-skating.

A: Who do you usually go ice-skating with?

#### JOB ABILITIES

GROUP WORK What can these people do well? Make a list. Use the abilities in the box and your own ideas. Then tell the class.









bake cook draw fix a car fix a motorcycle paint play the piano read music

- A: A chef can cook very well.
- B: A chef can also bake things, like cakes.
- C: Also, a chef can ...

#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

Units 9–10 Progress check = 71

What are you going to do?

#### **MONTHS AND DATES**

A 💿 Listen and practice the months.

Months	Jar July	nuary Y	February August		rch tember	April October	May Noven	June nber December
Complete the second	ne dates.	Then lis	sten and pi	ractice				
			10					
Dates	1 <i>st</i>	first		11th	eleventh		21st	twenty-first
	2nd	secon	d		twelfth			twenty-second
		third		13th	thirteent	1	23rd	twenty-third
	4th	fourth		14th	fourteent	h		twenty-fourth
	5th	fifth			fifteenth		25th	twenty-fifth
	6th	sixth		16th	sixteenth			twenty-sixth
		seven	th	17th	seventee	nth	27th	twenty-seventh
	8th	eightł	1	18th	eighteen	th		twenty-eighth
	9th	ninth			nineteen	th	29th	twenty-ninth
		tenth		20th	twentieth			thirtieth
							Sher Mar St	thirty-first

C CLASS ACTIVITY Go around the room. Ask your classmates' birthdays.

- A: When's your birthday?
- B: It's July twenty-first. When's yours?

#### **CONVERSATION** Birthday plans

#### Listen and practice.

Angie: Are you going to do anything exciting this weekend?

- Philip: Well, I'm going to celebrate my birthday.
- Angie: Oh, happy birthday! When is it, exactly?
- Philip: It's August ninth Sunday.
- Angie: So what are your plans?
- Philip: I'm going to go to my friend Kayla's house. She's going to cook a special dinner for me.
- Angie: Nice! Is she going to bake a cake, too?
- Philip: Bake a cake? Oh, I'm not sure.





#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### The future with be going to 💿

Is Kayla going to cook dinner for you?

Are your friends going to be there?

Are you going to do anything this weekend? Yes, I am. I'm going to celebrate my birthday. No, I'm not. I'm going to stay home. Yes, she is. She's going to cook a special dinner. No, she's not. She's going to order takeout.

Yes, they are. They're going to stop by after dinner.

No, they're not. They're going to be away all weekend.

A What are these people going to do this weekend? Write sentences. Then compare with a partner.



1. They're going to go dancing.

B PAIR WORK Is your partner going to do the things in part A this weekend? Ask and answer questions.

"Are you going to go dancing this weekend?"

# **PRONUNCIATION** Reduction of going to

A 💿 Listen and practice. Notice the reduction of **going to** to /gənə/.

- A: Are you going to have a party?
- A: Are you going to go to a restaurant? B: Yes. We're going to go to Nick's Café.

B: No. I'm going to meet a friend.

B PAIR WORK Ask your partner about his or her evening plans. Try to reduce going to.

What are you going to do? = 73

# <section-header><section-header><text><text><text>

Your guess	What they're really going to do
Michelle is going to go to the gym	Michelle
Kevin	Kevin
Robert	Robert
Jackie	Jackie

# INTERCHANGE 11 Guessing game

Make guesses about your classmates' plans. Go to Interchange 11 on page 125.

# **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



Do you celebrate any of these holidays? What are some holidays in your country? What's your favorite holiday? Source: The Concise Columbia Encyclopedia

#### **CONVERSATION** Have a good Valentine's Day.

#### Listen and practice.

Mona: So, Tyler, do you have any plans for Valentine's Day?
Tyler: I do. I'm going to take my girlfriend out for dinner.
Mona: Oh, really? Where are you going to eat?
Tyler: At Laguna's. It's her favorite restaurant.
Mona: How fancy! She's going to like that!
Tyler: How about you? What are you going to do?
Mona: Well, I'm not going to go to a restaurant.
I'm going to go to a dance.
Tyler: Sounds like fun. Well, have a good Valentine's Day.

Mona: Thanks. You, too.



#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Wh-questions with be going to 💿

What are you going to do for Valentine's Day?

How is Mona going to get to the dance?

Where are Tyler and his girlfriend going to eat?

I'm going to go to a dance. I'm not going to go to a restaurant. She's going to drive. She's not going to take the bus. They're going to eat at Laguna's. They're not going to eat at Nick's Café.

A Complete these conversations with the correct form of *be going to*. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: Where \_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ going to spend \_\_\_\_\_ (spend) summer vacation?
- B: My parents and I (visit) my grandparents.

**B GROUP WORK** Ask your classmates about their plans. Use the time expressions in the box.

- A: What are you going to do tonight?
- B: I'm going to go to a party.
- C: Oh, really? Who's going to be there?
- B: Well, Lara and Rosa are going to come. But Jeff isn't going to be there....

time ovbi	
tonight 618	next week
tomorrow	next month
tomorrow afternoon	next summer
tomorrow night	next year

time expressions

# WORD POWER Ways to celebrate

🗛 💿 Listen and practice.



decorate



#### eat special food



go to a parade

give gifts



watch fireworks





go on a picnic

wear special clothes

**B PAIR WORK** Are you going to celebrate a special day this year? Are you (or is someone you know) going to do any of the things in part A?

A: I'm going to go to a wedding next month. I'm going to wear special clothes. B: Is it a traditional wedding?

# HOLIDAYS AND FESTIVALS

A **PAIR WORK** Choose any holiday or festival. Then ask and answer these questions.

What is the holiday or festival? When is it? What are you going to do? Where are you going to go? Who's going to be there? When are you going to go? How are you going to get there?

A: What is the holiday or festival?

- B: It's Cinco de Mayo.
- A: When is it?
- B: It's on May fifth.
- A: What are you going to do?
- B: I'm going to go to a parade....





B CLASS ACTIVITY Tell the class about your partner's plans.

76 = Unit 11



# What are you going to do on your birthday?

Scan the article. How old is each person going to be?





#### Elena Buenaventura

#### Madrid

"My twenty-first birthday ( is on Saturday, and I'm going to go out with some

friends. To wish me a happy birthday, they're going to pull on my ear 21 times – once for each year. It's an old custom. Some people pull on the ear just once, but my friends are very traditional!"



#### **Taipei** "Tomorrow is my sixteenth birthday. It's a special birthday, so we're going to have a family ceremony. I'm probably going to get some money in 'lucky' envelopes from my relatives. My mother is going to cook noodles – noodles are for a long life."

#### **Philippe Joly**

#### Paris

"I'm going to be 30 next week, so I'm going to invite three





#### Mr. and Mrs. Aoki

#### Kyoto

"My husband is going to be 60 tomorrow. In Japan, the sixtieth

birthday is called *kanreki* – it's the beginning of a new life. The color red represents a new life, so children often give something red as a present. What are our children going to give him? A red hat and vest!" very good friends out to dinner. In France, when you have a birthday, you often invite people out. In some countries, I know it's the opposite – people take you out."

A Read the article. Then correct these sentences.

- 1. To celebrate her birthday, Elena is going to pull on her friends' ears.
- 2. Ka-mei is going to cook some noodles on her birthday.
- 3. On his birthday, Mr. Aoki is going to buy something red.
- 4. Philippe's friends are going to take him out to dinner on his birthday.

**B GROUP WORK** How do people usually celebrate birthdays in your country? Do you have plans for your next birthday? How about the birthday of a friend or a family member? What are you going to do? Tell your classmates.



# What's the matter?

#### WORD POWER Parts of the body

A 💿 Listen and practice.



**B PAIR WORK** Complete these sentences.

I have one . . .

I have two . . .

I have ten ...

A: I have one head, one nose, one mouth, one . . . B: And I have two eyes, two ears, two elbows, two . . .

#### **CONVERSATION** I don't feel well.

Listen and practice.

Steve: Hi, Kyle. How's it going?

- Kyle: Oh, hi, Steve. Not so well, actually. I don't feel well.
- Steve: What's the matter? Hey, you don't look so good.
- Kyle: I have a stomachache.
- Steve: That's too bad. Do you have the flu?
- Kyle: No, I just feel really sick.
- Steve: Well, do you want anything? A glass of soda?
- Kyle: No, but thanks anyway.
- Steve: Well, I'm going to have some pizza. Is that OK?



# **GRAMMAR FOCUS**



a backache





a stomachache

the flu

a toothache



dry eyes



a sore throat

**B CLASS ACTIVITY** Imagine you don't feel well today. Go around the class. Find out what's wrong with your classmates.

a fever

- A: How are you today, Jun?
- B: I feel terrible. I have a stomachache.

a cough

- A: I'm sorry to hear that.
- B: How do you feel?

a cold

That's good. I'm glad to hear that. That's too bad. I'm sorry to hear that.

useful expressions

## LISTENING What's wrong?

A Where do these people hurt? Guess. Write down the parts of the body.

THE REPORT OF A PARTY OF A







1. Jeffrey

2. Marta

3. Ben

4. Alison

Listen to the conversations. Check your guesses.

# 5 SNAPSHOT

Listen and practice.



What medications do you have at home? What are these medications for? Source: Based on information from Almanac of the American People

#### **CONVERSATION** Don't work too hard.

Listen and practice.

Dr. Young:	Hello, Ms. West. How are you today?
Ms. West:	Not so good.
Dr. Young:	What's wrong, exactly?
Ms. West:	I'm exhausted!
Dr. Young:	Hmm. Why are you so tired?
Ms. West:	I don't know. I just can't sleep at night.
Dr. Young:	OK. Let's take a look at you.

#### A few minutes later

Dr. Young: I'm going to give you some pills. Take one pill every evening after dinner.
Ms. West: OK.
Dr. Young: And don't drink coffee, tea, or soda.
Ms. West: Anything else?
Dr. Young: Yes. Don't work too hard.
Ms. West: All right. Thanks, Dr. Young.



#### LISTENING Let's take a look.

● Listen to Dr. Young talk to four other patients. What does she give them? Check (✓) the correct medications.

Cough drops	Aspirin	Cold pills	Eyedrops	Nasal spray	Muscle cream
1. Chuck       2. Pam       3. Joey       4. Sandra					

B PRONUNCIATION Sentence intonation
 A Construction
 A Construction

What's the matter? = 81



A Write two pieces of advice for each problem.



**B GROUP WORK** Act out the problems from part A. Your classmates give advice.

- A: I feel awful!
- B: What's the matter?
- A: My feet hurt.
- B: I have an idea. Take a hot bath. And don't ...
- C: Here's another idea . . .

# **INTERCHANGE 12** Helpful advice

Give advice for some common problems. Go to Interchange 12 on page 126.



# 10 Simple Ways to Improve Your Health

What are some ways to improve your health? Don't look at the article.

Believe it or not, you can greatly improve your health in 10 very simple ways.

**Eat breakfast.** Breakfast gives you energy for the morning.

**Go for a walk.** Walking is good exercise, and exercise is necessary for good health.



Floss your teeth. Don't just brush them. Flossing keeps your gums healthy.



Water every day. Water helps your body in many ways.

**Drink eight** 

Stretch for five minutes. Stretching is important for your muscles.



Get enough calcium. Your bones need it. Dairy foods like yogurt, milk, and cheese have calcium.



Do something

to challenge

your brain. For

crossword puzzle or

read a new book.

example, do a

Take a "time-out" – a break of about 20 minutes. Do something different. For example, get up and walk. Or sit down and listen to music.

Wear a seat belt. Every year, seat belts save thousands of lives.



Protect your skin. Use lots of moisturizer and sunscreen.



Source: Cooking Light® Magazine

A Read the article. Then complete the sentences.

1.	To get exercise, go for a walk		
2.	To help your bones,	ъŚ	
3.	To help your muscles,	•	
4.	To keep your gums healthy,	•	
5.	To have energy for the morning,	•	
6.	To challenge your brain,	•	

**B GROUP WORK** What things in the article do you do regularly? What else do you do for your health? Tell your classmates.

What's the matter? = 83

# Units 11–12 Progress check

#### SELF-ASSESSMENT

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

l can	Very well	OK	A little
Ask and answer questions about future plans (Ex. 1, 2)	0		
Use future time expressions (Ex. 2)	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\square$
Understand conversations about problems (Ex. 3)	Õ		
Talk about problems (Ex. 4)	Ā	Ā	õ
Ask how people are and give advice (Ex. 4)	õ	Ó	õ

#### HOLIDAY SURVEY

A Complete the questions with names of different holidays.

Are you going to ?	Name
eat special food on	
give gifts on	
have a party on	
play music on	
wear special clothes on	

**B CLASS ACTIVITY** Are your classmates going to do the things in part A? Go around the class and find out. Try to write a different person's name on each line.

#### PLANS, PLANS, PLANS

Complete these questions with different time expressions. Then ask a partner the questions.

1.	How are you going to get home tonight	?	
2.	What time are you going to go to bed	?	
	Who's going to be here		
4.	Where are you going to go	?	
5.	What are you going to do	?	
6.	Who are you going to eat dinner with	?	

#### LISTENING What's the matter?

Listen to six conversations. Number the pictures from 1 to 6.



...... This person needs some ketchup.







dance very well.



1. This person feels sad.



ride a horse.



This person has the flu.

## **THAT'S GREAT ADVICE!**

🗛 Write a problem on a piece of paper. Then write advice for the problem on a different piece of paper.

My ankle hurts.

Get some muscle cream.

B CLASS ACTIVITY Put the papers with problems and the papers with advice in two different boxes. Then take a new paper from each box. Go around the class and find the right advice for your problem.

- A: I feel terrible.
- B: What's the matter?
- A: My ankle hurts.
- B: I can help. Get some eyedrops. C: I know! Get some muscle cream. A: That's terrible advice!
  - - A: That's great advice. Thanks!

A: I feel awful.

A: My ankle hurts.

#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?





Units 11-12 Progress check = 85

# You can't miss it.

#### WORD POWER Places and things

- 1. aspirin b
- 2. bread
- 3. a dictionary .....
- 4. gasoline
- 5. a sandwich
- 6. stamps
- 7. a suit
- 8. traveler's checks .....



a. a post office





c. a gas station



d. a department store









h. a supermarket

**B PAIR WORK** What else can you get or do in the places in part A?

- A: You can get a magazine at a bookstore.
- B: And you can send a package at the post office.

#### LISTENING I need a new swimsuit.

		What	Where
1.	Jean	a swimsuit	
2.	Mom		
3.	Dad		
4.	Mike		Channel and the second s

B PAIR WORK What do you need? Where are you going to get it? Tell your partner.

"I need a snack, so I'm going to go to a coffee shop...."

#### **CONVERSATION** It's an emergency!

- Listen and practice.
- Man: Excuse me. Can you help me? Is there a public restroom around here?
- Woman: A public restroom? Hmm. I'm sorry. I don't think so.
  - Man: Oh, no. My son needs a restroom now. It's an emergency!
- Woman: Oh, dear. Well, there's a restroom in the department store on Main Street.
  - Man: Where on Main Street?
- Woman: It's on the corner of Main and First Avenue. Man: On the corner of Main and First?
- Woman: Yes, it's across from the park. You can't miss it. Man: Thanks a lot.



#### **PRONUNCIATION** Compound nouns

A 💿 Listen and practice. Notice the stress in these compound nouns.



**B PAIR WORK** Practice these sentences. Pay attention to the stress in the compound nouns.

There's a restroom in the drugstore. There's a bookstore in the department store. There isn't a post office in the supermarket. There isn't a coffee shop in the gas station.

t Ave.	t Ave.	X X	Center St.	Center St.
Main St.	Main St.	across from	Main St.	Main St.

A Look at the map and complete the sentences. Then compare with a partner.



1.	The coffee shop is	on	Second Avenue. It's	the shoe store.
----	--------------------	----	---------------------	-----------------

- 2. The movie theater is ...... Park and Main. It's ...... the park.
- 3. The gas station is ...... the parking lot. It's ...... First and Center.

**B PAIR WORK** Where are these places on the map? Ask and answer questions.

the park the drugstore the bookstore the hospital the shoe store

- A: Where is the park?
- B: It's between Park and First, across from the department store.



## **CONVERSATION** Is it far from here?

#### Listen and practice.

Tourist: Excuse me, ma'am. Can you help me? How do I get to St. Patrick's Cathedral?
Woman: Just walk up Fifth Avenue to 50th Street. St. Patrick's is on the right.
Tourist: Is it near Rockefeller Center?
Woman: Yes, it's right across from Rockefeller Center.
Tourist: Thank you. And where is the Empire State Building? Is it far from here?
Woman: It's right behind you. Just turn around and look up!



You can't miss it. = 89



#### Directions 🔘

How do I get to Rockefeller Center? Walk up/Go up Fifth Avenue. Turn left on 49th Street. It's on the right.

How can I get to Bryant Park? Walk down/Go down Fifth Avenue. Turn right on 42nd Street. It's on the left.

A **PAIR WORK** Imagine you are tourists at Grand Central Terminal. Ask for directions. Follow the arrows.



A: Excuse me. How do I get to the Empire State Building? B: Walk up 42nd Street. Turn left on . . .

**B PAIR WORK** Ask for directions to places near your school.

A: How do I get to the train station? B: Walk...

**INTERCHANGE 13** Giving directions

Student A, go to Interchange 13A on page 127; Student B, go to Interchange 13B on page 128.

90 Unit 13



# ····· Edinburgh's Royal Mile····

As you read, follow the route on the map below.



 Start your walking tour at
 Edinburgh Castle. Climb up 187 steps to the top of Castle Hill for a great view. Then take a tour of the castle.



**4.** You're almost at the **Museum of Childhood**, on the right on the Royal Mile. There's a great collection of toys, dolls, and games here.



2. Walk down the Royal Mile three blocks to **St. Giles Cathedral**. Go inside and look at the colorful windows.



5. Continue down the Royal Mile. Stop at the **Museum of Edinburgh** to learn about the history of Scotland's capital.



3. Take a break at **Spoon Care**. Go down the Royal Mile and turn right on South Bridge. The restaurant is on the left.



0

6. End your walking tour in **Holyrood Park**, right behind the museum.



Read the tourist information. Where can you ...?
1. rest and eat lunch

- 2. learn about Edinburgh's history
- 3. take a tour
- 4. see beautiful windows
- 5. see old games

**B PAIR WORK** Think of places in your city or town. Plan a walking tour of your town.

You can't miss it. = 91

# Did you have fun?

#### **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



Do you hate to do these things? What other things do you hate to do? Why?

#### **CONVERSATION** I didn't study!

- Listen and practice.
- Jason: Hi, Amy. Did you have a good weekend?
- Amy: Well, I had a busy weekend, so I'm a little tired today.
- Jason: Really? Why?
- Amy: Well, on Saturday, I exercised in the morning. Then my roommate and I cleaned, did laundry, and shopped. And then I visited my parents.
- Jason: So what did you do on Sunday? Amy: I studied for the test all day.
- Jason: Oh, no! Do we have a test today? I didn't study! I just watched TV all weekend!



Source: Based on information from The Book of Lists

#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Simple past statements: regular verbs 🔘

I studied on Sunday. You watched TV. She stayed home. We shopped They exercised on Saturday.	You She We	didn't study didn't watch didn't stay didn't shop didn't exercise didn't = did not	on Saturday. a movie. out. for clothes. on Sunday.	stay → stayed watch → watched exercise → exercised study → studied shop → shopped
----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

A Tim is talking about his weekend. Complete the sentences. Then compare with a partner.

On Friday night, I <u>waited</u> (wait) for a phone call, but my girlfriend <u>didn't call</u> (not call). I just (stay) home and (watch) TV. On Saturday, I (visit) my friend Frank. We (talk) and (listen) to music. In the evening, he (invite) some friends over, and we (cook) a great meal. I (not work) very hard on Sunday. I (not study) at all. I just (walk) to the mall and (shop).

**B** Complete the sentences. Use your own information. Then compare with a partner.

1. Yesterday, I ...... (watch) TV.

exercised

cooked

- 2. Last night, I ..... (stay) home.
- 3. Last week, I ..... (clean) the house.
- 4. Last month, I ..... (shop) for clothes.
- 5. Last year, I ..... (visit) a different country.

#### **PRONUNCIATION** Simple past -ed endings

B S Listen and write these verbs under the correct sounds.

needed

A 💿 Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of -ed.

listened

/t/	/d/	/ɪd/	
worked watched	cleaned stayed	invited visited	est do 11
			La إليان

shopped

waited







#### CLEAR MARAR FORUS

#### Simple past statements: irregular verbs 😡



I **did** my homework. I **didn't do** laundry.



You **got up** at noon. You **didn't get up** at 10:00.



He **went** to the museum. He **didn't go** to the library.



We **met** our classmates. We **didn't meet** our teacher.



You **came** home late. They **had** a picnic. You **didn't come** home early. They **didn't have** a party.



A 💿 Complete the chart. Then listen and check.

Present	Past	Present	Past	Present	Past
buy	bought		made		saw
	ate		read /rɛd/		sat
	felt		rode		took

A REAL SOLUTION AND A REAL AND A R

**B PAIR WORK** Did you do the things in the pictures yesterday? Tell your partner.

"Yesterday, I did my homework. And I did laundry. . . ."

#### LAST WEEKEND

A Write five things you did and five things you didn't do last weekend.

**B GROUP WORK** Tell your classmates about your weekend.

Things I did	Things I didn't do		
I saw a movie.	I didn't exercise.		
I studied.	I didn't buy clothes.		
I	I didn't		

A: I saw a movie last weekend.

- B: I didn't see a movie. But I watched TV.
- C: I watched TV, too! I saw . . .

#### **CONVERSATION** Did you like it?

Listen and practice.

Laura: So, did you go anywhere last summer, Erica? Erica: Yes, I did. My sister and I went to Arizona. We saw the Grand Canyon.

- Laura: Really? Did you like it?
- Erica: Oh, yes. We loved it!
- Laura: Did you go hiking?
- Erica: No, we didn't. Actually, we rode horses. And one day we went white-water rafting on the Colorado River!
- Laura: Wow! Did you have fun?
- Erica: Yes, I did. But my sister didn't like the rafting very much.

## **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Simple past yes/no questions 💿

Did you have a good summer?
Yes, I did. I had a great summer.
Did you ride a bicycle?
No, I didn't. I rode a horse.

Did Erica like her vacation? Yes, she did. She liked it a lot.
Did Erica and her sister go to Colorado? No, they didn't. They went to Arizona.

A Complete the conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- 4. A: \_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_\_ (speak) English last summer?
  B: No, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ . But I \_\_\_\_\_\_ (read) English books and I \_\_\_\_\_\_ (watch) English movies.

**B PAIR WORK** Ask the questions from part A. Answer with your own information.

- A: Did you have a good summer?
- B: Yes, I did. I went swimming every day.



Did you have fun? • 95



a class fun √ a job

✓ a new bike

new people

old friends a picnic softball swimming a trip volleyball

get	a job	a new bike
go have		
meet	211 3110	
take		
lake	***************************************	

B PAIR WORK Check (✓) six things to ask your partner. Then ask and answer questions.

- play any sports play any games buy anything interesting read any books eat any new foods see any movies meet any interesting people take any trips go anywhere interesting take any classes get a job have fun

A: Did you play any sports last summer? B: Yes, I did. My friends and I played basketball a lot. We ...

C CLASS ACTIVITY Tell the class about your partner's summer.

"Last summer, Maria went camping with her friend Lucia. They had a lot of fun."

# **INTERCHANGE 14** Past and present

Are you different now from when you were a child? Go to Interchange 14 on page 129.



# READING 💿

000

# Did you have a good weekend?

Scan the chat room posts. Who had a terrible weekend? Who enjoyed the weekend? Who learned a lot? Who had a busy weekend?



#### Karen 12:45

I had a great weekend. I went to my best friend Mariela's wedding. She got married in her parents' garden. She wore a fantastic dress! Her parents served a nice meal after the ceremony. I'm really happy for her. And her new husband is really nice!



# Pete 1:19

I didn't go outside all weekend. I had so much work to do! On Saturday, I studied all day. On Sunday, I did the dishes, cleaned my apartment, and did laundry. Sunday night, I watched a DVD for my history class. My weekend wasn't relaxing at all!



#### Lacey 2:02

I had an interesting weekend. I went camping for the first time. My friends and I drove to the campsite on Saturday. First, we put up the tent. Then we built a fire, cooked dinner, and told stories. On Sunday, we went fishing. I didn't really like camping, but I learned a lot.



#### Jonathan 4:57

I went to a rock concert with some friends. I had an awful time! It took three hours to drive there. I didn't like the band at all. Then on our way home, the car broke down! My parents came and got us. I finally got home at six in the morning. I'm so tired!

- A Read the chat room posts. Then correct these sentences.
- 1. Karen got married. Karen's best friend got married.
- 2. After the wedding, everyone went out to eat.
- 3. Pete studied all day on Sunday.
- 4. He watched TV Sunday night.
- 5. Lacey went camping for the third time.
- 6. Lacey liked camping a lot.
- 7. Jonathan went to a rock concert with his parents.
- 8. It took three hours to get home after the concert.

**B** GROUP WORK Do you have a story about an interesting weekend? Write four sentences about it. Then tell your classmates.

# Units 13–14 Progress check

#### **SELF-ASSESSMENT**

How well can you do these things? Check (1) the boxes.

l can	Very well	OK	A little
Understand conversations about where to get things in a town (Ex. 1) Ask and answer questions about where places are (Ex. 2) Ask for and give directions (Ex. 2) Talk about past activities (Ex. 3, 4)		0000	
Ask and answer questions about past activities (Ex. 4)	ŏ	Ő	Ő

Listen to the conversations. What do the people need? Where can they get or find it? Complete the chart.

What	Where
1.	switch second and wh
2.	
3	
4.	

2

## WHERE IS THE ...?

A **PAIR WORK** Are these places near your school? Where are they? Ask and answer questions.

bank bookstore	coffee shop department store	hospital park	post office supermarket					
A: Where is the bank? B: It's on Second Avenue. It's across from the Korean restaurant.								
<b>B</b> PAIR WORK O Your partner gues	<b>B PAIR WORK</b> Give directions from your school to the places in part A. Your partner guesses the place.							
			inutes. It's on					

#### **MY LAST VACATION**

A Write four statements about your last vacation. Two are true and two are false.

I ate at an expensive restaurant.

- It rained all day, every day.
- I didn't go to a museum.
- I read two books.

**B PAIR WORK** Read your statements. Your partner says "True" or "False." Who has more correct guesses?

- A: On my last vacation, I ate at an expensive restaurant. B: False.
- A: That's right. It's false. or Sorry. It's true.



#### LAST WEEKEND

A Check (🗸) the things you did last weekend. Then add two more things you did.

uploaded photos	ate in a restaurant
🔘 rode my bicycle	🔘 did laundry
cleaned the house	went dancing
played sports	played video games
went shopping	talked on the phone
went to a supermarket	🔘 saw a movie
🔘 met friends	
studied	



B PAIR WORK Ask your partner about his or her weekend.

- A: Did you upload photos last weekend, Keiko?
- B: Yes, I did. I uploaded photos of my friends. Did you upload photos?
- A: No, I didn't....

**C GROUP WORK** Join another pair. Tell them about your partner's weekend.

"Keiko uploaded photos of her friends."

#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

Units 13–14 Progress check = 99



#### **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



artist

actress

TV host

SIBMSUN

Source: www.biography.com

Match the people with the countries. Then check your answers at the bottom of the Snapshot. What famous people were born in your country? What do they do?

## **CONVERSATION** I was born in South Korea.

#### Listen and practice.

Chuck: Where were you born, Melissa? Melissa: I was born in South Korea. Chuck: Oh! So you weren't born in the U.S. Melissa: No, I came here in 2005. Chuck: Hmm. You were pretty young. Melissa: Yeah, I was only seventeen. Chuck: Did you go to college right away? Melissa: No, my English wasn't very good, so I took English classes for two years first. Chuck: Well, your English is really good now. Melissa: Thanks. Your English is pretty good, too. Chuck: I hope so! I was born here.




A Melissa is talking about her family. Choose the correct verb forms. Then compare with a partner.

 My family and I
 were
 (was / were) all born in South Korea – we
 (wasn't / weren't)

 born in the U.S. I
 (was / were) born in the city of Incheon, and my brother

 (was / were) born there, too. My parents
 (wasn't / weren't) born in

 Incheon. They
 (was / were) born in the capital, Seoul. In South Korea, my father

 (was / were) a businessman and my mother
 (was / were) a teacher.

**B PAIR WORK** Look at the picture below. Ask and answer these questions.

- 1. Was Adam on time for class yesterday?
- 2. Was it English class?
- 3. Was it a sunny day?
- 4. Was it 10:00?

- 5. Was Mrs. Carter very angry?
- 6. Were Cindy and Mark late to class?
- 7. Were they at the board?
- 8. Were the windows open?



A: Was Adam on time for class yesterday? B: No, he wasn't. He was late. Was it English class?



## **PRONUNCIATION** Negative contractions

💿 Listen and practice.

one syllable		two syll	ables
aren't	don't	isn't	doesn't
weren't	can't	wasn't	didn't

B 💿 Listen and practice.

Listen and practice.

He **didn't** eat dinner because he **wasn't** hungry. I **don't** like coffee, and she **doesn't** like tea. This **isn't** my swimsuit. I **can't** swim. They **weren't** here yesterday, and they **aren't** here today.

C Write four sentences with negative contractions. Then read them to a partner.



I didn't go because my friends weren't there.

**CONVERSATION** I grew up in Texas.

11

Melissa:	So, Chuck, where did you grow up?
	I grew up in Texas.
	Were you born there?
Chuck:	Yeah. I was born in Dallas.
Melissa:	And when did you come to
Chuck:	Los Angeles? In 2000.
Melissa:	How old were you then?
	l was eighteen. I went to college here.
Melissa:	Oh. What was your major?
	Drama. I was an actor for
	five years after college.
Melissa:	Really? Why did you become a hairstylist?
Chuck:	Because I needed the money.
	And I love it. So, what do you think?
Melissa:	Well, uh

102 Unit 15

## **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

## Wh-questions with did, was, and were 💿

Where did you grow up? What **did** your father **do** there? When did you come to Los Angeles? Why did you become a hairstylist?

Where were you born? When were you born? How old were you in 2000? What was your major in college? I grew up in Texas. He worked in a bank. I came to Los Angeles in 2000. Because I **needed** the money.

I was born in Dallas. I was born in 1982. I was eighteen. Drama. I was an actor for five years.

A Match the questions with the answers. Then compare with a partner.

- 1. Where were you born? ......
- 2. Where did you grow up?
- 4. Who was your first friend in school? d. I grew up in Tokyo.
- 5. What was he/she like?
- 6. Why did you take this class? .....

- a. Her name was Yumiko.
- b. She was really friendly.

- e. In Hiroshima, Japan.
- f. It was a little scary.

**B PAIR WORK** Ask and answer the questions in part A. Use your own information.

**C GROUP WORK** Ask the questions. Use a year in vour answers.

- 1. When were you born?
- 2. When was your father born?
- 3. When was your mother born?
- 4. When did you turn 13?
- 5. When did you start high school?
- 6. When did you begin to study English?

saying years

1906 = nineteen oh six 1986 = nineteen eighty-six 2000 = two thousand 2001 = two thousand (and) one 2010 = two thousand (and) ten

OR twenty-ten

## LISTENING When was she born?

🗛 💿 Listen. When were these people born? Complete the first column of the chart.

	When were you born?	Where did you grow up?
1. Jill		<ol> <li>Mannalid seconds affine educed second</li> </ol>
2. Roger		
3. Bianca	ginatio reneronario para la cipica	Contraction and the second sec
4. Ahmed		

B Solution Listen again. Where did these people grow up? Complete the second column of the chart.

Where did you grow up? = 103



A O Complete the word map with words from the list. Then listen and check.

✓ cafeteria
 classroom
 college
 computer lab
 elementary school
 high school
 history
 junior high school
 library
 math
 physical education
 science

Classe	S	Schools
Negi-	and an in most	
	Line and Roch	
	School da	ays
	Land and the second	Loo mont of
	Places	
	cafeteria	
		ne oraz aski k

**B PAIR WORK** Find out about your partner's elementary, junior high, or high school days. Ask these questions. Then tell the class.

What classes did you take? What was your favorite class? Why? What classes didn't you like? Why not? Who was your best friend? Who was your favorite teacher? Why? Where did you spend your free time? Why? What was a typical day of school like? What didn't you like about school?

"In elementary school, Dan spent his free time in the library because he liked to read...."

### 9

## WHAT DO YOU REMEMBER?

A **GROUP WORK** How often does this English class meet? What do you remember from your last class? Ask and answer these questions.

- 1. Who was in class? Who wasn't there?
- 2. Were you early, late, or on time?
- 3. Where did you sit?
- 4. What did you talk about?
- 5. What did you learn about your classmates?
- 6. What words did you learn?
- 7. Did you have any homework?
- 8. What did you do after class?



B CLASS ACTIVITY What does your group remember? Tell the class.

## **INTERCHANGE 15** Life events

Make a time line of your life. Go to Interchange 15 on page 130.



#### Scan the article. Why does Mackenzie read all the time?

even years ago, Mackenzie Bearup hurt her knee. She was just ten years old. A week later, the pain was still there. The pain didn't stop. Then she found out about a disease called RSD. This disease tells the brain her knee is still injured, even though it isn't. There is no cure for the pain. Her knee feels terrible all the time.

Sometimes, Mackenzie felt so awful that she stayed in bed for months. It was very difficult to walk. Her doctors tried everything: medicine, exercise, and other treatments. Nothing worked . . . except books.

Mackenzie read lots of books. The books helped her stop thinking about the pain. And she decided to help other children forget their pain, too.

She found out about a treatment center for children nearby. The center had a new library, but no books. She asked all her friends and her parents' friends to give books. Then she put ads in newspapers and made a website.

Mackenzie's goal was to give 300 books to the library. But she soon had 3,000 books, and more were on the way! Today, that number is more than 40,000. She started an organization. Sheltering Books now helps children in many states in the U.S.



Mackenzie's knee still hurts all the time. But she feels better because she's helping other kids with their pain.

#### A Read the article. Then write a question for each answer.

1. When did Mackenzie hurt her knee ? 2. ......? 3. .....? 4. .....? 5. .....? 6. .....?

Seven years ago.

She felt terrible.

Medicine, exercise, and other treatments. They helped her forget her pain.

- She asked her family and friends.
- To give 300 books.

Number these events in Mackenzie's life from 1 (first) to 7 (last).

- a. She made a website.
- e. She discovered books helped her pain.
- d. She started an organization.
- b. She found out about RSD. f. She asked her friends for books.
- \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ g. She tried lots of different treatments.

C GROUP WORK Why do you think books help people with pain? Can you think of other things that could help? Tell your classmates.

# Can she call you later?

## **CONVERSATION** She's in a meeting.

#### Listen and practice.

Receptionist: Good morning. Digital Media. Tony: Hello. Can I speak to Kathy Wilson, please? Receptionist: I'm sorry, but she's in a meeting right now. Tony: Oh. Receptionist: Can I take a message? Tony: Yes, thanks. This is her friend Tony. Please ask her to call me at home. Receptionist: Does she have your number? Tony: Yes, she does. Receptionist: OK. I'll give her your message. Tony: Thank you so much.



## WORD POWER Prepositional phrases

A 💿 Listen and practice.

<b>at</b> home	at the mall	in bed	in the shower	on vacation
at work	at the library	in class	in the hospital	on a trip
at school	<b>at</b> the beach	in Mexico	in a meeting	<b>on</b> his/her break



**B PAIR WORK** Make a list of five friends and family members. Give it to your partner. Where are these people right now? Ask and answer questions.

A: Where's your brother right now? B: He's on vacation. He's in Thailand.

## **LISTENING** I was in the shower.

A 💿 Listen to Brian return three phone calls. Where was he? Complete the sentences.

- 1. He was in the shower .
- 2. He was .....
- 3. He was .....

B 💿 Listen again. What did the callers ask? Correct the questions.

- 1. Donna: "Can you please call?"
- 2. Jun: "Can I see your notes from class today?"
- 3. Ruth: "Can you study on Saturday night?"

## GRAMMAR FOCUS



A Complete the phone conversations with the correct pronouns. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: Can ...... speak with Ms. Fee, please?
  - B: ...... 's not here. But maybe ...... can help you.
  - A: Please give ...... my new phone number. It's 555-2981.
- 2. A: Hi, this is David. Is Mr. Roberts there?
  - B: <u>'m sorry, but</u> 's not here right now. Do you want to leave a message?
  - A: Yes. Please tell ..... to call me at work.
- 3. A: Hello, this is Carol's Café. Are Kate and Joe in?
  - B: No, ...... 're not. Can ...... help you?
  - A: \_\_\_\_\_ found Kate and Joe's keys. \_\_\_\_\_ left \_\_\_\_\_ on the table.
  - B: Just bring \_\_\_\_\_\_ the keys. I can give \_\_\_\_\_\_ to Kate and Joe.
  - A: I'm sorry, but ...... can't. Can Kate and Joe call ......?
  - B: OK.

B PAIR WORK Roleplay this phone conversation.

Student A: "Call" your friend Calvin. He needs your new phone number. Student B: Answer the phone. Calvin is not in. Take a message.

C PAIR WORK Change roles. This time give an email address.



Can she call you later? = 107



上出了管持持行。 Loose in the showed

V Listen and practice.



Source: The U.S. Census Bureau

Check (1) the activities that are popular in your country. What other activities are popular in your country? What are your favorite activities? Why?

## **CONVERSATION** I'd love to!

Listen and practice.

Tony: Hello?

Kathy: Hi, Tony. It's Kathy. I got your message.

- Tony: Hi. Thanks for calling me back. Sorry I called you at work.
- Kathy: Oh, that's OK. But I have to get back soon. What's up?
- Tony: Well, do you want to see a movie with me tonight?
- Kathy: Tonight? I'm sorry, but I can't. I have to work late tonight.
- Tony: Oh, that's too bad. How about tomorrow night?
- Kathy: Uh, . . . sure. I'd love to. What time do you want to meet?
- Tony: How about around seven o'clock?
- Kathy: Terrific!



## PRONUNCIATION Reduction of want to and have to

A Solution of Market Construction of Market Construction of Market Construction of Constructio

/wanə/ A: Do you **want to** go to a party with me tonight? /hæftə/ B: I'm sorry, but I can't. I **have to** study for a test.

**B PAIR WORK** Practice the conversation in Exercise 6 again. Try to reduce **want to** and **have to**.



## **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Invitations; verb + to 🥹

Do you want to see a movie with me tonight? Sure. I'd really like to see a good comedy. I'd like to (see a movie), but I have to work late. U'd like to (see a movie), but I have to work late. Would you like to go to an art festival? Yes, I'd love to (go), but I need to study.

|**'d** = | would

A Complete the invitations. Then match them with the responses.

#### Invitations

- 1. Would you <u>like to</u> go to an amusement park this weekend? <u>d</u>
- 2. Do you ...... go to a basketball game tomorrow night?
- 3. Would you ..... see a play tonight?
- 4. Do you \_\_\_\_\_\_ go swimming on Saturday? \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Do you \_\_\_\_\_ play soccer after school today? \_\_\_\_\_

#### Responses

- a. I'd like to, but I don't have a swimsuit!
- b. I'm sorry, but I have to talk to the teacher after school.
- c. I don't really like basketball. Do you want to do something else?
- d. I'd like to, but I can't. I'm going to go on a trip this weekend.
- e. Yes, I'd love to. It's my favorite type of music.
- f. Tonight? I can't. I need to help my parents.

**B PAIR WORK** Practice the invitations from part A. Respond with your own information.

A: Would you like to go to an amusement park this weekend? B: I'd like to, but I can't. I have to ...



Can she call you later? = 109

**EXCUSES, EXCUSES!** 

A Do you ever use these excuses? Check (1) Often, Sometimes, or Never. Compare with a partner.

	Often	Sometimes	Never
I have to babysit. I need to study for a test. I have to work late. I need to go to bed early. I want to visit my family. I have a class. I have a headache.			
l'm not feeling well. I need to do laundry. I already have plans.	Ŏ		

B Write down three things you want to do this weekend.

I want to go to the baseball game on Saturday.

**C CLASS ACTIVITY** Go around the class and invite your classmates to do the things from part B. Your classmates respond with excuses.

A: Would you like to go to the baseball game on Saturday?B: I'm sorry, but I can't. I need to do laundry on Saturday.

## LISTENING I'd love to, but ...

A Convince of the people to a party. Listen to his voice-mail messages. Who can come? Who can't come? Check (1) the correct answers.

	Can come	Can't come	Excuse
<ol> <li>Roy</li> <li>Angie</li> <li>Brad</li> </ol>	$\bigcirc$	8	
4. Tereso 5. Aaror	12000	0	



I have to babysit.

B C Listen again. Why can't some people come? Write their excuses.

Screen think we were matter that the

INTERCHANGE 16 Let's make a date!

Make a date with your classmates. Go to Interchange 16 on page 131.



HOME

Around Los Angeles this weekend

Look at the events. Which would you like to go to? Number the pictures from 1 (very interesting) to 5 (not interesting).

RESTAURANTS

not interesting).

SHOPPING

CELEBRITIES

HOTELS

DEALS

search

Saturday Sunday



EVENTS

#### Festivals: Bella Via Street Painting Festival

#### Santa Clarita

All day Bella Via is Italian for "beautiful street." Watch as artists turn the streets into works of art. This event features food, live music, a 5-kilometer race, and children's activities.



#### Music: Concert at Hollywood Bowl

7:00 P.M. to midnight Come hear some great music under the stars! Six terrific bands are going to get your feet moving. Sandwiches, pizza, and drinks for sale.



#### Movies: Los Angeles Film Festival

Various Theaters in Westwood Check listings for times. Do you want to see the best North American films of the year? More than 200 films. Seats sell out fast, so get tickets now.

#### Art: Fiesta Hern Arts and

## Crafts Fair

Hermosa Beach Starts at 11:00 A.M. Do you need to decorate your home? Visit this colorful art fair. Find

colorful art fair. Find paintings, crafts, and photographs. Jewelry, too! Food and live music.



#### Attractions: Aquarium of the Pacific

Whale Tour 11:30 A.M. and

3:00 P.M. Do you want to see the largest animal on the planet? Go on a boat



tour and learn about the amazing blue whale. Then visit the aquarium to see thousands of beautiful fish and sea birds.

A Read the web page. Where can you do these things? Write two places.

- 1. buy clothes or jewelry
- 2. buy food
- 3. sit indoors
- 4. be outdoors
- 5. see a live performance

**B GROUP WORK** Where do you like to go in your city or town? What events do you like? Tell your classmates.

Can she call you later? = 111

## Units 15–16 Progress check

## SELF-ASSESSMENT

How well can you do these things? Check ( $\checkmark$ ) the boxes.

#### I can . . . .

I (UII	Very well	OK	A little
Talk about my past (Ex. 1)	0		
Ask about famous people using simple past yes/no questions (Ex. 2)	Õ	õ	ñ
Ask and answer questions about someone's past (Ex. 2)	Ō	Õ	$\square$
Understand phone calls and leave or pass on messages (Ex. 3)		$\bigcirc$	$\square$
Ask and answer questions about things I want, need, and have to do (Ex. 4)	0		Õ
Make and respond to invitations (Ex. 5)			$\bigcirc$

## INTERVIEW

**A PAIR WORK** Choose three years in your partner's life. Then ask your partner the questions and complete the chart.

	19	20	20
How old were you in ? Where were your friends in ?	23.1		(95R)
What were you like in ?			

B CLASS ACTIVITY Tell the class about your partner's life.

"In 1999, Raul was four. He ..."

## WHO WAS HE?

**GROUP WORK** Think of a famous person from the past. Your classmates ask yes/no questions to guess the person.

Was he/she born in ...? Was he/she a singer? an actor? Was he/she tall? heavy? good-looking?

A: I'm thinking of a famous man from the past.B: Was he born in the U.S.?A: No, he wasn't.C: Was he ...?



## LISTENING On the phone

- Listen and check (✓) the best response.
- 1. Yes. Please tell her to call me. Yes. Please tell him to call me.
- 2. Sure. Does he have your number? No, sorry. He's not here right now.
- 3. Yes, you do. No, I don't.

- 4. D I'm going to visit my parents.
- 5. I'd love to, but I can't.
  No, I didn't go. I was at work.
- 6. I'm sorry. He's not here right now.
   No, Sandra is at work right now.

## FIND SOMEONE WHO ....

**A CLASS ACTIVITY** Go around the class. Ask questions to complete the chart. Try to write a different name on each line.

Find someone who	Name
needs to do laundry this weekend	
wants to go home early	
has to babysit this week	and a state of the
wants to go shopping this weekend	
wants to see a movie tonight	8.0.0
has to go to the doctor this week	
needs to work this weekend	
doesn't want to do homework tonight	

A: Megumi, do you need to do laundry this weekend? B: Yes, I do.

**B PAIR WORK** Share your answers with a partner.

## INVITATIONS

A Make a list of five things you want to do this weekend.

**B CLASS ACTIVITY** Go around the class. Invite your classmates to do the things from part A. Your classmates accept or refuse the invitations.

- A: Would you like to go to a museum this weekend?
- B: I'm sorry, but I can't. I have to . . .
- C: Do you want to go to a soccer match on Sunday? D: Sure, I'd love to! When would you like to ...?

WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

# Interchange activities

#### interchange 1

FAMOUS CLASSMATES

A Imagine you are a famous person. Write your name, phone number, and email address on the card.

Yes, you do
No.1 domain

Name: Rafael Nadal	Contenent States of Contenents a contenent of
and the second sec	
	the start of a second starting
<b>LASS ACTIVITY</b> Go around the class. Introduce yourselous people." Ask and answer questions to complete the	f to three cards.
. My name is Angelina Jolie.	useful expressions
m Rafael Nadal. Nice to meet you, Angelina. afael, what's your email address?	l'm sorry.
's R-A-F-A-E-L N-A-D-A-L at C-U-P dot O-R-G.	Can you repeat that?
m sorry. Can you repeat that?	How do you spell that
Phone:	ASSMATES
Name:	
Phone:	
Phone:	
Name:	
Phone:	
Phone:	
Phone:	
Phone:	

114 Interchange 1

### interchange 2 FIND THE DIFFERENCES

PAIR WORK How are the two pictures different? Ask questions to find the differences.

- A: Where are the sunglasses?
- B: In picture 1, they're next to the television.A: In picture 2, they're in front of the television.





116 Interchange 4



## interchange 3 BOARD GAME

A PAIR WORK Play the board game. Follow these instructions.

- 1. Choose a marker. Place it on Start.
- 2. Student A tosses a coin and moves one or two spaces.

"Heads" means move two spaces. "Tails" means move one space.



useful expressions

lt's your turn.

I don't know.

lt's my turn.

- 3. Student A asks Student B a question with the words in the space.
- 4. Take turns. Continue until both markers are on Finish.
- A: It's "heads." I move two spaces. What's your last name?
- B: It's Lee. Now it's my turn!



**B CLASS ACTIVITY** Tell the class two things about your partner.

"Ricardo is from Quito. Quito is beautiful and very exciting."

## interchange 5 WHAT'S WRONG WITH THIS PICTURE?

GROUP WORK What's wrong with this picture? Tell your classmates.

"Ellen is swimming, but she's wearing high heels and a hat!"



Interchange 5 = 119

interchange 6 CLASS SURVEY

Find someone who .

## A CLASS ACTIVITY Go around the class and find this information. Try to write a different name on each line.

Silen is swittening, but she's wearing high freek and a ha

	Name		Name
gets up at 5:00 A.M. on weekdays		takes a bus to class	
gets up at noon on Saturdays		rides a motorcycle to class	
does homework on Sunday night		cooks on weekends	
works at night		plays the drums	
works on weekends	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	has two brothers	
has a pet		checks email every day	
ives in the suburbs		speaks three languages	
lives alone	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	doesn't eat breakfast	
		Allô?	260
		(Hello?	123
	(h)	Moshi Moshi!	The second
NHLK I	(B)		



- A: Do you get up at 5:00 A.M. on weekends, Jung-ho?
- B: No, I get up at 7:00 A.M.
- A: Do you get up at 5:00 A.M. on weekdays, Victor?
- C: Yes, I get up at 5:00 A.M. every day.

**B GROUP WORK** Compare your answers.

- A: Victor gets up at 5:00 A.M.
- B: Maria gets up at 5:00 A.M., too.
- C: Jung-ho gets up at ...

120 Interchange 6

A PAIR WORK Find the differences between Bill's apartment and Rachel's apartment.



A: There are four chairs in Bill's kitchen, but there are three chairs in Rachel's kitchen. B: There's a sofa in Bill's living room, but there's no sofa in Rachel's living room.

**B GROUP WORK** Compare your answers.

Interchange 7 = 121

A **PAIR WORK** Imagine you're looking for a job. What do you want to do? First, check ( $\checkmark$ ) your answers to the questions. Then ask your partner the same questions.



**B PAIR WORK** Think of a good job for your partner.

- A: You want to use English, travel, and have an exciting job. Do you want to be a tour guide?
- B: No, a tour guide's job is very stressful.
- A: Well, do you want to be . . . ?

interchange 9 SNACK SURVEY

🔼 Complete the snack survey. Use these foods and other foods you know.



A: I often eat watermelon.

B: I never eat watermelon. I sometimes eat popcorn.

B PAIR WORK Compare your information.

### interchange 10 HIDDEN TALENTS

A **CLASS ACTIVITY** Go around the class. Find someone who can and someone who can't do each thing. Try to write a different name on each line.



A: Can you play two musical instruments? B: Yes, I can. or No, I can't.

**B CLASS ACTIVITY** Share your answers with the class.

"Mei-li can't play two musical instruments, but Claudia can. The second se

C Do you have any other "hidden talents"?

124 Interchange 10

interchange 11

GUESSING GAME



A PAIR WORK Is your partner going to do any of these things? Check ( / ) your guesses.

r's
, ]
]
]
]
]
]
]

**B PAIR WORK** Ask and answer questions to check your guesses.

A: Are you going to watch TV tonight?

B: Yes, I am. I'm going to watch my favorite show.

**C CLASS ACTIVITY** How many of your guesses are correct? Who has the most correct guesses? Ar finan underfand the antidity. 8. Reinstructure haterenamutgele 9. Doort weervij Ark the Teacher interchange 12 HELPFUL ADVICE

A PAIR WORK Imagine you have these problems. Your partner gives advice.



B: Eat a good breakfast every day. Don't ...

**B CLASS ACTIVITY** Think of a problem you have. Then tell the class. Your classmates give advice.

A: I don't understand this activity.

B: Read the instructions again.

C: Don't worry! Ask the teacher.

126 Interchange 12

#### interchange 13A GIVING DIRECTIONS

### Student A

A **PAIR WORK** Look at the map. You are on Third Avenue between Maple and Oak Streets. Ask your partner for directions to these places. (There are no signs for these places on your map.) Then label the buildings.

garage supermarket flower shop

A: Excuse me. How do I get to the garage?

B: Walk down Third Avenue to ...



**B PAIR WORK** Your partner asks you for directions to three places. (There are signs for these places on your map.) Use the expressions in the box to give directions.

Go up/Go down . . .It's on the corner of . . . StreetIt's next to . . .Walk up/Walk down . . .and . . . Avenue.It's behind . . .Turn right/Turn left . . .It's between . . . and . . .It's in front of . . .It's across from . . .It's across from . . .

Interchange 13A = 127

interchange 13B GIVING DIRECTIONS

### Student B

A **PAIR WORK** Look at the map. You are on Third Avenue between Maple and Oak Streets. Your partner asks you for directions to three places. (There are signs for these places on your map.) Use the expressions in the box to give directions.

A: Excuse me. How do I get to the garage?

B: Walk down Third Avenue to ...

Go up/Go down	It's on the corner of Street	It's next to
Walk up/Walk down	and Avenue.	It's behind
Turn right/Turn left	It's between and	It's in front of
		It's across from



**B PAIR WORK** Ask your partner for directions to these places. (There are no signs for these places on your map.) Then label the buildings.

coffee shop shoe store bookstore

128 Interchange 13B

### A triobash?

#### interchange 14 PAST AND PRESENT

A **PAIR WORK** Ask your partner questions about his or her past and present. Check ( $\checkmark$ ) the answers.

A: Did you argue with your friends as a child?B: Yes, I did. OR No, I didn't.

## Did you ... as a child? Do you ... now?



**B GROUP WORK** Join another pair. Tell them about changes in your partner's life. "Hee-jin argued with her friends as a child, but she doesn't argue with her friends now."

A: Do you argue with your friends now? B: Yes, I do. or No, I don't.

A What were five important events in your life? Mark the years and events on the time line. Then write a sentence about each one.



I was born ...



l started elementary school . . .



I won an award ...



l opened a bank account . . .



l traveled with friends . . .



l graduated from high school . . .



I moved to a new place . . .



I started college ...

1970	1980	1990	2000	2010	2020
a a la avera tra	1992				
as porn in	1002.	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			******
as born in					

**B PAIR WORK** Ask your partner about his or her time line.

- A: What happened in 2003?
- B: I moved to a new place.
- A: How old were you?
- B: I was twelve.

#### interchange 16 LET'S MAKE A DATE!

A Imagine this is next month's calendar. Write 10 plans on the calendar. Use these expressions and your own ideas.

go to (the movies/a party) go (dancing/shopping) go (on a trip/on vacation) study for (a test/an exam) go out with (my girlfriend/boyfriend) play (basketball/video games) meet (my friend/teacher) have dinner with (my brother/parents) visit (my parents/grandparents) see (the dentist/doctor)

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
1	2	3	4 Lemen	5	6 cd// 2014	
		Orthobaly 6-1 Manuel		uli	to you spect	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
		ok a smanaisia A	Seimes einen	rains da Martinerio Cont Martin	matina Pinatana Pinatana	R. Core
15	16	17	<b>18</b>	<b>19</b>	20	<b>21</b>
					(Esgag) ad (	रखर स्थी। इ.स.
22	23		25			artassi
	nas Liber Scend	an production and		SAR LASS DES	n an	of provide a
29	30	31	xodoranie	ા હેલ છેલ પ્રદેશ	odestevnon o	(complete)
		18	1	na de la composición de la com	100 100	

**B GROUP WORK** Look at your calendars. Agree on a date to do something together.

- A: Do you want to do something on March third?
- B: I'd like to, but I can't. I'm going to play volleyball then. How about March fourth?
- C: That works for me. What time?

**C GROUP WORK** Now decide what to do together. Then share your plans with the class.

A: We can all do something on March fourth. Would you like to play video games?B: No, I don't like to play video games very much. Do you want to go to a museum?C: Well, I really don't like museums....

## Grammar plus

#### Unit 1

- 1 My, your, his, her (page 3)
- Use his with males and her with females: His name is David. (NOT: Her name is David.) Her name is Maria. (NOT: His name is Maria.)

#### Complete the conversations with my, your, his, or her.

- 1. A: Hello. My name is Carlos.
  - B: Hi, Carlos. What's ..... last name?
  - A: It's Gonzales.
  - B: How do you spell ..... last name? Is it G-O-N-Z-A-L-E-Z?
  - A: No, it's G-O-N-Z-A-L-E-S. And what's ..... name?
  - B: ..... name is Bill Powers. Nice to meet you.
- 2. A: What's Ms. Robinson's first name?
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_ first name is Katherine. \_\_\_\_\_ nickname is Katie.
  - A: I'm sorry. What's ..... first name again?
  - B: It's Katherine. And what's Mr. Weber's first name?
  - A: ..... first name is Peter.
  - B: That's right. And ..... nickname is Pete.

#### 2 The verb *be* (page 5)

- In questions, the be verb comes before the noun or pronoun: Is he your teacher?
- Don't use contractions in short answers with Yes: Are you in my class? Yes, I am. (NOT: Yes, I'm.)

Complete the conversations. Use the words in the box.

am	l'm	it's	she's	
√ are	lam	l'm not	you	you're

- 1. A: Excuse me. <u>Are</u> you Patty Wilson?
  - B: No, ..... over there.
  - A: OK. Thanks.
- 2. A: Hi. Are ...... Patty Wilson? C: Yes, ......
  - A: Oh, good. \_\_\_\_\_ Sergio Baez. \_\_\_\_\_ in my English class.
  - C: Yes, I ...... nice to meet you, Sergio.

includes the work of the work to do together. Then many your plans with the charter

a) Vie can all do something on March fourth. Would you life to stati video gatters? It. No.1 don't like to play video games very much. Do you want to go to a musture.

while maily den't like museum

#### Unit 2



1 This/these; it/they; plurals (page 10) the another the

- Don't use a contraction with What + are: What are these? (NOT: What're these?)
- Use this with singular nouns: This is a book. Use these with plural nouns: These
- are earrings.

Circle the correct words.

- 1. A: What's / What are these? B: It's / They're my earring / earrings.
- 2. A: What's / What are this? B: It's / They're a / an cell phone.
- 3. A: What's this / these? B: It's / They're a / an address book.

#### 2 Yes/No and where questions with be (page 11)

- In questions with where, the verb comes after Where: Where are my sunglasses? (NOT: Where my sunglasses are?)
- A Match the questions with the answers.
- 2. Are these your glasses? b. No, it's not. 3. Where are my keys? ..... c. Oh, yes, it is!
- 4. Is this your pen? ..... d. It's in my pocket. 5. Where's your watch? e. No, they're not.
- **B** Complete the conversation. Use the words in the box.

are they	it is	they are	where
it	it's	this	✓ where's

- A: Where's my pen?
- B: I don't know. Is ..... in your book bag? motivation are to the off the contract.
- A: No. not.
- B: Is ..... your pen?
- A: Yes, ...... are my keys?
- B: ..... on your desk?
- A: Yes, ..... . Thank you!

#### Ilmit 9

UIII S	
Negative statements and yes/no questions with <i>be</i> (page 17)	
<ul> <li>Use be + not to form negative statements: Ana isn't a student. (NOT: Ana is no a student.)</li> <li>You is a singular and a plural pronoun: Are you from Rio? Yes, I am./Yes, we are.</li> </ul>	
A Unscramble the words to write negative statements.	
<ol> <li>in California / not / New York City / is New York City is not in California.</li> </ol>	
2. London / not / from / we're	
r's / Skey're a / an Celi phone.	
3. not / you and Tim / in my class / are	
4. is / my first language / Spanish / not	
5. from / my mother / not / is / Seoul	
5. my keys / not / are / they	
tatch the questions with the answers,	
B Complete the conversations.	
1. A: <u>Are</u> you and your family from Mexico?	
B: No, not from Guatemala.	
2. A:	
B: Yes, it	
3. A:	
B: Yes, are. But in the U.S. now.	
4. A:	
B: No, not early!	
Wh-questions with <i>be</i> (page 20)	

- Use what to ask about things. Use where to ask about places. Use Who to ask about people. Use What ... like? to ask for a description.
- Use how to ask for a description: How are you today? Use How old to ask about age: How old is he?
- In answers about age, you can use only the number or the number + years old: He's 18. or He's 18 years old.

Complete the questions with how, what, where, or who. Then match the questions with the answers.

- 1. Who is that? d
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ is her name? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. ....is she like? .....
- 4. old is she?
- 5. ..... is your family from? .....
- 6. is Bangkok like?
- a. We're from Thailand from Bangkok.
- b. She's 16.
- c. Her name is Nittaya.
- d. She's my sister.
- e. It's really beautiful.
- f. She's a little shy.

#### Unit 4

#### 1 Possessives (page 24)

- The noun comes after a possessive adjective: This is **my** T-shirt.
- Don't include the noun after a possessive pronoun: This T-shirt is mine.
- Whose can be used with singular and plural nouns: Whose bag is this? Whose
- keys are these?

Complete the conversations. Use the words in the boxes. There are two extra words in each box.

		my	your	yours	/ whose		
1. A: B:	Whose No, it's not	jacket is tł	nis? Is it Ask Nicl	, Phil? k. I think it's			
her	our	ours	your	yours			
2. A	: These arer : No, they're	1't e not	books. . Ma	Are they ybe they're You	? Ing-min's.		
hei	r hers	their	theirs	whose			
3. A B	: : No, they'r	sweaters e not	are these? swe	Are they Julie's aters. But these	?	a the contractors Having Ds an <sup>(*</sup> Spanner	
2 Pi	resent cont	inuous sta	tements;	conjunctions	(page 26)		
Chai sent	coat. <b>We're</b> nge the affir cences to aff Mr. and Mrs.	not/We are mative ser irmative se	en't wearin ntences to ntences. aring hats	negative sente	nces. Change .ee aren't wea	the negative	
3. ľ 4. ) 5. ľ	'm wearing : /ou're wearii Vlichiko isn't	sunglasses ng a new si wearing g	uit. Ioves.				
				tions; adjectiv			2
	Are you we Adjectives of His hat is b	<b>aring</b> brov can come b l <b>ue</b> .	vn shoes? before nou		verb <i>be</i> : He's v	<i>-ing</i> : <b>Is</b> it <b>raining</b> wearing a <b>blue ha</b> <b>hats</b>	
					en complete	the responses.	
	A: <u>Is he wea</u> B: No, he			ar, gray suit)		I	(wear, sunglasses)
2.	A: B: No, we		(wear	, brown boots)	4. A:	it	(rain)

#### Unit 5

#### 1 What time is it? / Is it A.M. or P.M.? (page 31)

Remember: you can say times different ways: 1:15 = one-fifteen or a quarter after one.

Write each sentence in a different way.

- 1. It's a quarter to four. It's three forty-five
- 2. It's 12:00 р.м. It's noon.
- 3. It's six-fifteen.
- It's six-fifteen.
   It's ten o'clock at night.
- It's three-oh-five.
   It's twenty-five to eleven.
- 7. It's one o'clock in the morning.
- 8. It's midnight.

## 2 Present continuous Wh-questions (page 33)

- Use the present continuous to talk about actions that are happening right now: What are you doing? I'm talking to you!
- In questions, the be verb comes before the subject: What are you doing?
- ▶ To form the continuous of verbs ending in -e, drop the e and add -ing: have  $\rightarrow$  having.
- For verbs ending in vowel + consonant, double the consonant and add -ing: get  $\rightarrow$  getting.

What are the people doing? Write conversations. Use the words in parentheses.

<ol> <li>A: What's Steve doing?</li> <li>B: He's watching TV.</li> </ol>	(Steve)
B: He's watching TV. 2. A:	(watch TV) (Jon and Megan)
B: 3. A:	(take a walk) (you)
B:	(write conversations)
4. A:	(Chris) (call Ashley)
5. A:	(you and Taylor)
B:6. A:	(shop) (Sara)
B:	(have dinner)
7. A:	(Victor and Sam) (run in the park)
8. A:	(you and Paulo)
B:	(chat online)

#### 136 Unit 5 Grammar plus
- 1 Simple present statements (page 37) and Simple present statements with irregular verbs (page 38)
- In affirmative statements, verbs with he/she/it end in -s: He/She walks to school. BUT I/You/We/They walk to school.
- In negative statements, use *doesn't* with he/she/it and *don't* with all the others: He/She/It **doesn't** live here. I/You/We/They **don't** live here.
- Don't add -s to the verb: She doesn't live here. (NOT: She doesn't lives here.)

Elena is talking about her family. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

 My family and I
 live
 (live) in the city. We
 (have)

 an apartment on First Avenue. My sister
 (go) to school

 near our apartment, so she
 (walk) to school. My father

 (work) in the suburbs, so he
 (drive) to his job.

 My mother
 (use) public transportation – she
 (take)

 the bus to her office downtown. She
 (have) a new job, but she
 (not like) it very much. And me? Well, I
 (not work)

 far from our apartment, so I
 (not need) a car or public
 (ride) my bike to work!
 (ride) my bike to work!

### 2 Simple present questions (page 39)

- In questions, use does with he/she/it and do with all the others: Does he/she/it get up early? Do l/you/we/they get up early?
- Don't add -s to the verb: Does she live alone? (NOT: Does she lives alone?)

A Write questions to complete the conversations.

- 1. A: Do you use public transportation?
  - B: Yes, I use public transportation.
- A:
   B: No, my family doesn't eat dinner at 5:00.
- A:
   B: No, my brother doesn't take the bus to work.
- 4. A:
  - B: No, I don't get up late on weekends.

Use in with the morning/afternoon/evening. Use at with night: I go to school in the afternoon and work at night.

- Use at with clock times: She gets up at 8:00
- Use on with days: He sleeps late on weekends. She has class on Mondays.
- **B** Complete the conversation with *at, in,* or *on*.
- A: Does your family have breakfast together \_\_\_\_\_in \_\_\_\_ the morning?
- B: Well, we eat together ...... weekends, but ...... weekdays we're all
  - busy. My parents go to work early 6:30. But we eat dinner together the evening, and we have a big lunch together Sundays. We eat noon. Then the afternoon, we play tennis or go to the movies.

#### 1 Simple present short answers (page 45)

Remember: I/You/We/They do/don't. He/She/It does/doesn't.

Circle the correct words.

- A: Do / Does your family live / lives in an apartment?
- B: No, we don't / doesn't. We have / has a house.
- A: That's nice. Do / Does your house have two floors?
- B: Yes, it **do / does**. It **have / has** four rooms on the first floor. And we **have / has** three bedrooms and a bathroom on the second floor.
- A: And do / does you and your family have / has a yard?
- B: Yes, we do / does. And how about you, Tim? Do / Does you live / lives in a house, too?
- A: No, I don't / doesn't. My wife and I have / has a small apartment in the city.
- B: Oh. Do / Does you like / likes the city?
- A: Yes, I do / does. But my wife don't / doesn't.

#### 2 There is, there are (page 47)

- Use there is with singular nouns: There's a bed. Use there are with plural nouns: There are two chairs.
- Use some in affirmative statements: There are some chairs in the kitchen. Use any in negative statements: There aren't any chairs in the bedroom.

Read the information about the Diaz family's new house. Write sentences with the phrases in the box.

there's a there's no there isn'			
1. A living	room?	Yes	
2. A dinir	Construction from the second	No	1
	vasher in the kitchen?	No	
	in the kitchen?	Yes	
	is on the windows?	Yes	
	n the floors?	No	
	in the bedrooms?	Yes	
8. Bookca	ises in the bedrooms?	No	
1. There's	a living room.		<ul> <li>The in with the minimum difference we may due.</li> </ul>
2.			The arts moon and work at NgNs.
CTR ALCOLOGICA ASSA	saboote ee stati		<ul> <li>I is a with clock threat \$% even up at \$100.</li> </ul>
4.			<ul> <li>Use on with days the sleeps late on week and:</li></ul>
5.			B complete the conversation with as in anon.
6			A Core your family have breakies together
7	illi area zabiose		B: Well, we est together
8	weekst differen forgening	o.d. 989	busy https://www.ct.ct/amines.yt/liveud

Simple present Wh-questions (page 52)	
Use What to ask about things: What do you do? Use Where to Where do you work? Use How do/does like? to ask for an does he like his job?	ask about places: opinion: <b>How</b>
omplete the conversations.	
A: What does your husband do	?
B: My husband? Oh, he's a nurse. A: Really? Where	
A: Where	and the second
B: I work in a restaurant. A: Nice! What	?
B: I'm a cook. A: How	?
B: My job? I don't really like it very much. A: That's too bad. What	
B: I'm a manager. I work at a clothing store.	which over sold in the
. A: What	forthise den
<ul><li>B: My brother is a doctor, and my sister is a lawyer.</li><li>A: How</li></ul>	?
	neren en strand 20 fi
Placement of adjectives (page 54)	
<ul> <li>Adjectives come unter the other of a dangerous job. (Not: A p job dangerous.)</li> <li>Adjectives have the same form with singular or plural nouns: police officers have stressful jobs. (Not have stressfuls jobs.</li> </ul>	: Firefighters and
in the information to write two contences	
1. accountant / job / boring An accountant's job is boring.	
An accountant has a boring job.	som the training thomas
2. salesperson / job / stressful	1949 (1949) (1949) (1949)
3. security guard / job / dangerous	
4. nurse / job / exciting	
5. taxi driver / job / interesting	nana sina a se estal
6. electrician / job / difficult	
	n na na sana na mananana na karana na na manatar karanana na n

Unit 8 Grammar plus 🛚 139

1 Count and noncount nouns; some an	d any (page 59)
<ul> <li>have a singular and plural form: 1 boo you can't count: water, spinach, cheese</li> <li>Use some in affirmative sentences: We</li> </ul>	unt: <i>vegetables, eggs, cookies</i> . Count nouns <b>k</b> , 2 <b>books</b> . Noncount nouns name things have <b>some</b> chicken. Use <i>any</i> in negative ve <b>any</b> bread. Do we have <b>any</b> cheese?
Complete the conversations with some or	any. areas a serie do Spradzuri vita is
<ul> <li>tomatoes, too.</li> <li>A: Do we have mayonnaise my sandwiches.</li> <li>B: Me, too. But there isn't here</li> <li>2. A: Let's make a big breakfast tomorrow B: OK. What do we need? Are there mayonnaise</li> </ul>	igerator. Let me see No, I don't milk, too. And do we have se here, and there are ? I love mayonnaise on here. Let's buy
2 Adverbs of frequency (page 61)	
	re the main verb: <i>always, almost always,</i> <i>Ilmost never, never</i> : She <b>never plays</b> tennis. <i>mes</i> can begin a sentence: <b>Sometimes</b> I
Rewrite the conversation. Add the adverb	s in the correct places.
<ul> <li>A: Where do you have lunch? (usually)</li> <li>B: I go to a restaurant near work. (often)</li> <li>A: Do you eat at your desk? (ever)</li> <li>B: No, I stay in for lunch. (hardly ever)</li> <li>A: And what do you have? (usually)</li> <li>B: I have soup and a sandwich. (always)</li> <li>A: Me, too. I have a big lunch. (never)</li> </ul>	A: Where do you usually have lunch?         B:         A:



### 1 Simple present Wh-questions (page 65)

.

Remember: who = what person; where = what place; how often = what frequency; when = what days; what time = what time of day

Remember: use do or does after the question word.

Complete the questions with the correct question word and *do* or *does*. Then match the questions with the answers.

2. 3. 4. 5.	What sports do you often they time	go to games with? b. your team play? c. play? d. play? e.	My father and my b Usually at three o'c Baseball. I love to v Once a week. On Saturday aftern At Lincoln Park.	lock. vatch my team.
2 (	Can for ability (page 67)			
	Use the base form of the v an -s to can or to the base <del>piano</del> .)	verb with <i>can</i> . With third form: She <b>can play</b> the	person singular, do piano. (Noт: <del>She can</del>	n't add <del>plays the</del>
<b>A</b>	Write sentences about the and, but, or or. (🗸 = can, X =	things people can and c can't)	an't do. Use <i>can</i> or o	can't with
1.	Sally: ride a bike ✓ Sally can ride a bike, but s	<b>drive a car X</b> he can't drive a car.		
2.	John: play the piano 🗸		estasi 6 is Vitariulis	V6C \ 2100501 550 
3.	Brad and George: act 🗸	sing 🗶		e: 4 Jan and Robert
4.	Maria: snowboard 🗸	ice-skate 🗶		
5.	Justin: upload photos 🗡	download a video 🗶	/ have singler / ac ti	S SOIS AND ROLESS G
6.	Lisa: write poems X	tell good jokes 🗸		
в	Look at part A. Answer the	e questions. Write short	sentences.	er energische mits nitzegen nits soll w
1.	. Can Brad and George sing	? No, they can't.		
3.	<ul> <li>Can Sally drive a car?</li> <li>Can John play the piano?</li> </ul>		21.015.75	
4.	. Who can snowboard?	disconstant Australia		
	. What can George do?			

1 The future with *be going to* (page 73)

- Use am/is/are + going to + base form for the future: We're going to stay home tonight.
- In questions with be going to, the be verb comes before the noun or pronoun: Is he going to bake me a cake?
- A Complete Robert's story. Use the correct form of *be going to* and the verbs in parentheses.

Tomorrow is going to be (be) a very excitin	g day. It's my birthday, and my frien	ds
and I (celebrate). In the morr	ning, Scott and I (dr	ive)
to the beach. Our friend Sara	(meet) us there. We	. (stay)
at the beach for a few hours. Then we	(have) lunch at my favorite	2
restaurant. After lunch, Scott	(go) to work, and Sara and I	
(see) a movie. After the movie	e, we (go) to our	
friend Charlie's house. He	ook) dinner for Sara and me.	

- **B** Write questions. Then look at part A and answer the questions.
- Robert / celebrate / with his family?

   Q: Is Robert going to celebrate with his family?
   A: No. he's going to celebrate with his friends.

   Scott and Robert / take the bus / to the beach?

   Q:
   A:
   the friends / have lunch / at a restaurant?
   Q:
   A:

   Sara and Robert / go to a museum?

   Q:
   A:
   Sara and Robert / have dinner / at a restaurant?
   Q:
   Q:
   A:
- 2 Wh-questions with *be going to* (page 75)
- Use is in questions with Who as the subject: Who's going to be there? (NOT: Who are going to be there?)

Complete the conversation with the correct form of *be going to*.

A: What are you going to do (do) this weekend?

A: .....

- me, and we ...... (spend) the weekend in the city.
- A: That's nice. ..... you ...... (stay) in a hotel?
- B: No, we \_\_\_\_\_\_ (stay) with our friend Donna. And Donna \_\_\_\_\_\_ (have) a big party on Saturday night.
- A: Really? And who \_\_\_\_\_\_ (be) at the party? Do you know any of Donna's friends?
- B: No, I don't. But Ali and I ...... (meet) everyone on Saturday night.

1 Have + noun; feel + adjective (page 79)

For most health problems, use a/an: I have a cold. I have an earache. With flu, use the: I have the flu. (NOT: Have a flu.)

Complete the conversation. Use the sentences in the box.

I think I have a fever.	Code no contes montes
Thanks.	A. Decision may be taken a gas statement A.
I feel awful, actually.	do vies thereas it's in var if it's accorde
Yes. I'm going to call my doctor in a few minutes.	A. Where do Frid Avanue?
Yes, I do. And I have a stomachache, too.	<ol> <li>Its inclose the contact/Onter-Surset a</li> </ol>
✓Hi, Chris. How are you?	C investment of and an and a second and
	if the there optic it's next to the mishe p
A: Hi, Chris. How are you?	<ol> <li>Thanks: Ok. and which is the company.</li> </ol>
A:	At Great Thanks very 2000
B: Oh, no! What's the matter?	
A:	
B: That's too bad. Do you have a headache?	
A: B: Are you going to see a doctor?	<ol> <li>Multi age 50 gas encounting ranne affords do</li> </ol>
5194 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
B: Well, feel better soon.	
A:	Cart, new do I per to the little ?
2 Imperatives (page 82)	
<ul> <li>Use the base form of the verb in affirmative im</li> <li>Use don't + base form of the verb in negative i change: Don't go to school today, Pat.</li> </ul>	peratives: <b>Go</b> home and <b>rest</b> , Pat. mperatives. The form doesn't
Read the situations. Give the people advice. Use the	ne phrases in the box.

- ✓ drink coffee in the afternoon eat any cold food exercise today or tomorrow take an antacid take two aspirins work too hard
- 1. Dan can't sleep at night. Don't drink coffee in the afternoon.
- 2. Casey has a headache.
- 3. Kristina works 12 hours a day.
- 4. Michael has sore muscles.
- 5. Min-ho has a toothache.
- 6. Laila has an awful stomachache.

### 1 Prepositions of place (page 88)

- Use on with the names of streets and avenues: The bookstore is on Center Street. The theater is on Park Avenue.
- Across from is another way of saying opposite: The library is across from the theater. = The library is opposite the theater.

#### Circle the correct words.

- A: Excuse me. Is there a gas station around here?
- B: Yes, there is. It's in / on Third Avenue.
- A: Where on Third Avenue?
- B: It's in / on the corner of Center Street and Third Avenue.
- A: Across from / to Stacy's Department Store?
- B: Yes, that's right. It's next to / from the park.
- A: Thanks. Oh, and where is the post office?
- B: It's on Center Street between / next to the hospital and the bank.
- A: Great. Thanks very much.
- B: You're welcome.

#### 2 Directions (page 90)

Walk up/Go up mean the same. Walk down/Go down also mean the same.

Bob doesn't know the city at all. Correct Bob's directions. Write the opposite of what he says.

1.	Dan:	n: How do I get to the library?		
	You:	: No, don't walk up Park Avenue. Walk down Park Avenue.		
2.	Dan:	n: How can I get to the park?		
	Bob:	Y LUID RIGHT ON WIRD STRAFT		
	You:	:	We sat the off	
3.	Dan:	n: How do I get to the post office?		
	Bob:	o: Go down First Avenue.		
	You:	:		
	Bob:	: It's on the left.		

You:		
Bob:	It's on the left.	
You:		

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# 1 Simple past statements: regular verbs and irregular verbs (pages 93–94)

- Use simple past verbs to talk about the past. Regular verbs end in -ed: I watched TV last night. For verbs ending in -e, add -d: live → lived. For verbs ending in vowel + consonant, double the consonant and add -ed: shop → shopped.
- Use didn't + base form in negative statements. The form doesn't change: He didn't shop for groceries yesterday. (NOT: He didn't shopped for groceries yesterday.)

Daniela wrote an email to a friend. Complete the sentences with the simple past form of the verbs in parentheses.

Hi!

a lot of fun l	(not do) anything special this weekend, but I (have) (not go) out on Friday night. I (stay) home.
	(clean) my room and
my sister with h	er homework, and then we
my friend Taylo	(come) over. She
shoes so we	(take) the bus downtown to Harry's Shoe Store. We
	(shop) for a long time, but Taylor (not like) any of the shoes
at Harry's. She any shoes. On o	ur way back to my house, we (not exercise) very hard. I (invite)
Taylor for dinne Taylor and I	r, and my dad
On Sunday my	whole family

Tell me about your weekend!

### 2 Simple past yes/no questions (page 95)

Use did + base form in questions. The form doesn't change: Did you have fun vesterday? (NOT: Did you had fun yesterday?)

Complete the conversation. Use the simple past form of the verbs in parentheses.

Did aniou (aniou) youryacation?
A· Dia vou enjoy (enjoy) your vacation:
B: Yes I
A· vou (take) a lot of pictures?
B' No we
A: That's good
B: Yes, we
At How about you?
B: Well, I (not go) anywhere, but I (read) a lot of good books
and (see) some great movies.

### 317 Starts

1 Past of be (page 101)

Present	Past		
am/is	$\rightarrow$	was	
are	$\rightarrow$	were	

Complete the conversations with was, wasn't, were, or weren't.

- 1. A: Were you here yesterday?
  - B: No, I ..... home in bed.
  - A: Oh, ..... you sick?
  - B: No. I ..... just really tired.
- 2. A: Where ...... you born?
  - B: I ..... born here in New York.
  - A: Really? What about your parents? ...... they born here, too?
  - B: No, they ...... They ..... born in Brazil in Salvador.
- - A: ..... it a good trip?
  - B: Yes, it was. Yusef said it ..... a terrific trip!
- 2 Wh-questions with *did, was,* and *were* (page 103)
- Don't use did with the past of be: Where were you last Tuesday? (NOT: Wheredid you were last Tuesday?) Use did in simple past questions with other verbs: Where did you go last Tuesday?
- Because answers the question Why?

Complete the questions. Use the words in the box.

				)	
✓ how how old	what when	where who	why		
1. A: How	was you	childbood?			
B: I had a fa					
2. A:					
B: I grew u	Contraction Profession				
3. A:			started so	hool?	
B: Ithink I	was five.	, which you			
4. A:		eave home?			
B: In 2008.					
5. A:	was voui	best friend	in high se	chool?	
		a girl named		chioon.	
6. A:					
		in a restaura	ant		
7. A:					
	100 C	live in a see			

B: Because I wanted to live in a small city.

1 Subject and object pronouns (page 107)

Subject pronouns usually come before verbs, and object pronouns go after verbs: I saw him, but he didn't see me.

- A Complete the conversations.
- 1. A: Hello. Is Mr. Chin there?
  - B: No, he's not here right now. Can take a message?
  - A: Yes. Please tell to call Rob Taylor.
  - B: Does \_\_\_\_\_ have your number?
- 2. A: Hi. This is Eliza. Is Maria home?
  - B: No, \_\_\_\_\_\_ at the mall with her brother. Their dad drove \_\_\_\_\_\_ there this morning.
  - A: Oh. Well, can I leave ...... a message?
  - B: Sure.
  - A: Sonia and I are going to see a movie tomorrow. Maybe Maria can go with

### 2 Invitations; verb + to (page 109)

- You can use both Do you want to ...? and Would you like to ...? to invite a person to do something.
- Don't confuse would like to with like to. Would like to means the same as want to.
- I'd (really) like to and I'd love to both mean the same as I want to.

Rewrite the conversations. Write the sentences in a different way.

- A: <u>Do you want</u> to see a movie tonight?
   B: Oh, I can't. I <u>need</u> to work.
- A: <u>Do you want</u> to play tennis on Saturday?
   B: <u>I'd love</u> to, but I <u>have</u> to help my parents.
- 3. A: I want a job at Mike's store.
- B: You need to speak to him.

4. A: Would you like to go to a party with me?

- B: <u>I want</u> to, but I can't. I have to study.
- A: Would you like to see a movie tonight? B: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_A: \_\_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_\_B: \_\_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_\_B: \_\_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_\_B: \_\_\_\_\_\_ B: \_\_\_\_\_\_A: \_\_\_\_\_\_

Unit 16 Grammar plus = 147

# Grammar plus answer key

# Unit 1

#### 1 My, your, his, her

- 1. B: Hi, Carlos. What's **your** last name?
  - A: It's Gonzales.
  - B: How do you spell **your** last name? Is it G-O-N-Z-A-L-E-Z?
  - A: No, it's G-O-N-Z-A-L-E-S. And what's **your** name?
  - B: My name is Bill Powers. Nice to meet you.
- 2. A: What's Ms. Robinson's first name?
  - B: **Her** first name is Katherine. **Her** nickname is Katie.
  - A: I'm sorry. What's her first name again?
  - B: It's Katherine. And what's Mr. Weber's first name?
  - A: **His** first name is Peter.
  - B: That's right. And his nickname is Pete.

#### 2 The verb be

- A: Excuse me. Are you Patty Wilson?
   B: No, I'm not. She's over there.
  - A: OK. Thanks.
- A: Hi. Are you Patty Wilson?
   C: Yes, I am.
  - A: Oh, good. I'm Sergio Baez. You're in my English class.
  - C: Yes, I am. It's nice to meet you, Sergio.

# Unit 2

#### 1 This/these; it/they; plurals

- 1. A: What are these?
  - B: They're my earrings.
- 2. A: What's this?
- B: It's a cell phone. 3. A: What's this?
  - B: It's an address book.

### 2 Yes/No and where questions with be

A

2.e 3.a 4.b 5.d

- B
- B: I don't know. Is it in your book bag?
- A: No, it's not.
- B: Is this your pen?
- A: Yes, it is. Thanks! Now, where are my keys?
- B: Are they on your desk?
- A: Yes, they are. Thank you!

# Unit 3

- 1 Negative statements and yes/no questions with be
- A

B

- 2. We're not from London.
- 3. You and Tim are not in my class.
- Spanish is not my first language./My first language is not Spanish.
- 5. My mother is not from Seoul.
- 6. They are not my keys.
- 1. B: No, we're not. We're from Guatemala.
- A: Is your first language English?
   B: Yes, it is. My parents are from Australia.
- A: Are Kenji and his friend Japanese?
   B: Yes, they are. But they're / they are in the U.S. now.
- 4. A: **Are** my mother and I late?
  - B: No, you're not. You're early!

#### 2 Wh-questions with be

- 2. What is her name? c
- 3. What is she like? f
- 4. How old is she? b
- 5. Where is your family from? a
- 6. What is Bangkok like? e

# Unit 4

#### 1 Possessives

- A: Whose jacket is this? Is it yours, Phil?
   B: No, it's not mine. Ask Nick. I think it's his.
- 2. A: These aren't **our** books. Are they **yours**?
  - B: No, they're not **ours**. Maybe they're Young-min's.
- A: Whose sweaters are these? Are they Julie's?
   B: No, they're not her sweaters. But these shorts are hers.

#### 2 Present continuous statements; conjunctions

- 2. It's raining.
- 3. I'm not wearing sunglasses.
- 4. You're not / You aren't wearing a new suit.
- 5. Michiko is wearing gloves.

#### **3** Present continuous yes/no questions

- 1. B: No, he's not / he isn't.
- 2. A: Are you wearing brown boots?
- B: No, we're not / we aren't.3. A: Are you wearing sunglasses?
- B: Yes, I am.
- 4. A: Is it raining? B: Yes, it **is**.

# Unit 5

#### 1 What time is it? / Is it A.M. Or P.M.?

- 3. It's a quarter after six.
- 4. It's 10:00 p.m.
- 5. It's five after three.
- 6. It's eleven thirty-five
- 7. It's one A.M.
- 8. It's 12:00 A.M.

### 2 Present continuous Wh-questions (page 33)

- A: What are Jon and Megan doing?
   B: They're taking a walk.
- 3. A: What are you doing?B: I'm writing conversations.
- 4. A: What's Chris doing?
  - B: He's calling Ashley.
- 5. A: What are you and Taylor doing? B: We're shopping.
- 6. A: What's Sara doing?
- B: She's having dinner
- 7. A: What are Victor and Sam doing?B: They're running in the park.
- 8. A: What are you and Paulo doing?
- B: We're chatting online.

### Unit 6

# 1 Simple present statements; Simple present statements with irregular verbs

My family and I **live** in the city. We **have** an apartment on First Avenue. My sister **goes** to school near our apartment, so she **walks** to school. My father **works** in the suburbs, so he **drives** to his job. My mother **uses** public transportation – she **takes** the bus to her office downtown. She **has** a new job, but she **doesn't like** it very much. And me? Well, I **don't work** far from our apartment, so I **don't need** a car or public transportation. I **ride** my bike to work!

#### 2 Simple present questions

#### A

- 2. A: Does your family eat dinner at 5:00?
- 3. A: Does your brother take the bus to work?
- 4. A: Do you get up late on weekends?

#### B

B: Well, we eat together on weekends, but on weekdays we're all busy. My parents go to work early – at 6:30. But we eat dinner together in the evening, and we have a big lunch together **on** Sundays. We eat **at** noon. Then **in** the afternoon, we play tennis or go to the movies.

### Unit 7

#### 1 Simple present short answers

- A: Does your family live in an apartment?
- B: No, we don't. We have a house.
- A: That's nice. Does your house have two floors?
- B: Yes, it **does**. It **has** four rooms on the first floor. And we **have** three bedrooms and a bathroom on the second floor.
- A: And do you and your family have a yard?
- B: Yes, we do. And how about you, Tim? Do you live in a house, too?
- A: No, I **don't**. My wife and I **have** a small apartment in the city.
- B: Oh. Do you like the city?
- A: Yes, I do. But my wife doesn't.

#### 2 There is, there are

- 2. There's no dining room. / There isn't a dining room.
- 3. There's no dishwasher in the kitchen. / There isn't a dishwasher in the kitchen.
- 4. There's a table in the kitchen.
- 5. There are some curtains on the windows.
- 6. There are no / There aren't any rugs on the floors.
- 7. There are closets in the bedrooms.
- 8. There are no / There aren't any bookcases in the bedroom.

### Unit 8

#### 1 Simple present Wh-questions

- 1. A: Really? Where **does he work**?
- A: Where **do you work**?
   B: I work in a restaurant.
  - A: Nice! What **do you do**?
  - B: I'm a cook.
- 3. A: How do you like your job?
  - B: My job? I don't really like it very much.
  - A: That's too bad. What **do you do**?
  - B: I'm a manager. I work at a clothing store.
- 4. A: What do your brother and sister do?
  - B: My brother is a doctor, and my sister is a lawyer.
    - A: How do they like they're jobs?

#### 2 Placement of adjectives

- 2. A salesperson's job is stressful. A salesperson has a stressful job.
- 3. A security guard's job is dangerous. A security guard has a dangerous job.
- 4. A nurse's job is exciting. A nurse has an exciting job.
- 5. A taxi driver's job is interesting. A taxi driver has an interesting job.
- An electrician's job is difficult. An electrician has a difficult job.

Grammar plus answer key = 149



#### 1 Count and noncount nouns; some and any

- 1. A: What do you want for lunch?
  - B: Let's make **some** sandwiches.
  - A: Good idea! Do we have **any** bread?
  - B: I think there's **some** in the refrigerator. Let me see.... No, I don't see **any**.
  - A: Well, let's go to the store. We need **some** milk, too. And do we have **any** cheese?
  - B: Yes, we do. There's **some** cheese here, and there are **some** tomatoes, too.
  - A: Do we have **any** mayonnaise? I love **some** mayonnaise on my sandwiches.
  - B: Me, too. But there isn't **any** here. Let's buy **some**.
- 2. A: Let's make a big breakfast tomorrow morning.
  - B: OK. What do we need? Are there any eggs?A: There are some, but I think we need to buy some more.
  - B: OK. And let's get **some** yogurt, too. We don't have **any**, and I love yogurt for breakfast.
  - A: Me, too. Do you see **any** bread in the refrigerator?
  - B: Yes there's **some** in the refrigerator.
  - A: Great! So we don't need to buy **any** at the store.
  - B: That's right. Just eggs and yogurt!

#### 2 Adverbs of frequency

- B: I often go to a restaurant near work.
- A: Do you **ever** eat at your desk?
- B: No, I hardly ever stay in for lunch.
- A: And what do you **usually** have?
- B: I always have soup and a sandwich.
- A: Me, too. I never have a big lunch.
- Unit 10

#### 1 Simple present Wh-questions

- 2. Who do you go to games with? a
- 3. How often does your team play? d
- 4. When do they play? e
- 5. Where do they play? f
- 6. What time do the games start? b

### 2 Can for ability

- A
- 2. John can play the piano and the violin.
- Brad and George can act, but they can't sing.
- 4. Maria can snowboard, but she can't ice skate.
- 5. Justin can't upload photos or download a video.
- 6. Lisa can't write poems but she can tell good jokes.
- B
- 2. Lisa can. 4. Yes, he can. 6. He can act.
- 3. Yes, she can. 5. Maria can.

# Unit 11

#### 1 The future with *be going to*

Tomorrow **is going to be** a very exciting day. It's my birthday, and my friends and I **are going to celebrate**. In the morning, Scott and I **are going to drive** to the beach. Our friend Sara **is going to meet** us there. We'**re going to stay** at the beach for a few hours. Then we'**re going to have** lunch at my favorite restaurant. After lunch, Scott **is going to go** to work, and Sara and I **are going to see** a movie. After the movie, we'**re going to go** to our friend Charlie's house. He **is going to cook** dinner for Sara and me.

- 2. Q: Are Scott and Robert going to take the bus to the beach?
  - A: No, they're going to drive to the beach.
- 4. Q: Are the friends going to have lunch at a restaurant?
  - A: Yes, they are.
- 5. Q: Are Sara and Robert going to go to a museum? A: No, they're not. (They're going to see a movie.)
- 6. Q: Are Sara and Robert going to have dinner at a restaurant?
  - A: No, they're not. (They're going to have dinner at Charlie's house.)

#### 2 Wh-questions with be going to

- A: What are you going to do this weekend?
- B: I'm going to have a very busy weekend. My friend Ali is going to visit me, and we're going to spend the weekend in the city.
- A: That's nice. Are you going to stay in a hotel?
- B: No, we're going to stay with our friend Donna. And Donna is going to have a big party on Saturday night.
- A: Really? And who's going to be at the party? Do you know any of Donna's friends?
- B: No, I don't. But Ali and I **are going to meet** everyone on Saturday night.

# Unit 12

- 1 Have + noun; feel + adjective
- A: Hi, Chris. How are you?
- B: I'm terrific, thanks. How about you?
- A: I feel awful, actually.
- B: Oh, no! What's the matter?
  - A: I think I have a fever.
  - B: That's too bad. Do you have a headache?
  - A: Yes, I do. And I have a stomachache, too.
  - B: Are you going to see a doctor?
  - A: Yes. I'm going to call my doctor in a few minutes.
  - B: Well, feel better soon.
  - A: Thanks.

150 Grammar plus answer key

#### 2 Imperatives

- 2. Take two aspirins.
- 3. Don't work too hard.
- 4. Don't exercise today or tomorrow.
- 5. Don't eat any cold food.
- 6. Take an antacid.

### Unit 13

#### 1 Prepositions of place

- A: Excuse me. Is there a gas station around here?
- B: Yes, there is. It's on Third Avenue.
- A: Where on Third Avenue?
- B: It's **on** the corner of Center Street and Third Avenue.
- A: Across from Stacy's Department Store?
- B: Yes, that's right. It's next to the park.
- A: Thanks. Oh, and where is the post office?
- B: It's on Center Street between the hospital and the bank.

#### **2** Directions

- 2. You: No, don't turn right on Main Street. Turn left on Main Street.
- You: No, don't go down First Avenue. Go up First Avenue
  - You: No, it's not on the left. It's on the right.

### Unit 14

#### 1 Simple past statements: regular verbs and irregular verbs

Hi!

I didn't do anything special this weekend, but I had a lot of fun. I didn't go out on Friday night. I stayed home. I cleaned my room and did laundry. I helped my sister with her homework, and then we watched TV. On Saturday, my friend Taylor came over. She needed some new shoes, so we took the bus downtown to Harry's Shoe Store. We shopped for a long time, but Taylor didn't like any of the shoes at Harry's. She bought some purple socks, but she didn't buy any shoes. On our way back to my house, we stopped at the gym and exercised. We didn't exercise very hard. I invited Taylor for dinner, and my dad cooked hamburgers in the yard. After dinner, Taylor and I talked and played video games. She didn't stay too late – Mom **drove** her home at around ten. On Sunday, my whole family visited my mother's best friend and her family. They have a swimming pool, so my sister and I went swimming all afternoon.

#### 2 Simple past yes/no questions

- A: Did you enjoy your vacation?
- B: Yes, I did. My brother and I had a great time.
- A: Did you take a lot of pictures?
- B: No, we didn't. But we bought a lot of postcards.
- A: That's good. **Did** you **see** a lot of interesting things?

- B: Yes, we did. And we ate a lot of new foods.
- A: How about you? **Did** you **have** a good summer?
- B: Well, I **didn't go** anywhere, but I **read** a lot of good books and **saw** some great movies.

### **Unit 15**

#### 1 Past of be

- 1. A: Were you here yesterday?
  - B: No, I wasn't. I was home in bed.
  - A: Oh, were you sick?
  - B: No. I was just really tired.
- 2. A: Where **were** you born?
  - B: I was born here in New York.
  - A: Really? What about your parents? **Were** they born here, too?
  - B: No, they weren't. They were born in Brazil in Salvador.
- A: Where was Yusef last week? Was he on vacation?
  - B: Yes, he **was**. He and his best friend **were** in Spain. They **were** in Barcelona.
  - A: Was it a good trip?
  - B: Yes, it was. Yusef said it was a terrific trip!

#### 2 Wh-questions with did, was, and were

- 2. A: Where
- 3. A: How old
- 4. A: When
- 5. A: Who
- 6. A: What
- 7. A: Why

### Unit 16

#### **1** Subject and object pronouns

- 1. A: Hello. Is Mr. Chin there?
  - B: No, he's not here right now. Can I take a message?
  - A: Yes. Please tell him to call Rob Taylor.
  - B: Does he have your number?
  - A: No, but please give it to him. It's 555-0987.
- 2. A: Hi. This is Eliza. Is Maria home?
  - B: No, **she's** at the mall with her brother. Their dad drove **them** there this morning.
  - A: Oh. Well, can I leave her a message?
  - B: Sure.
  - A: Sonia and I are going to see a movie tomorrow.
  - Maybe Maria can go with **us**.
  - B: I can ask her. And she can call you tonight.

#### 2 Invitations; verb + to

- 1. B: Oh, I can't. I have to work.
- 2. A: Would you like to play tennis on Saturday?
- B: I'd like to, but I need to help my parents.
- 3. A: I'd like a job at Mike's store.
  - B: You have to speak to him.
- 4. A: Do you want to go to a party with me?
  B: I'd like to, but I can't. I need to study.

Grammar plus answer key = 151

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- For detailed installation instructions, open "IC4 DVD-ROM Installation Instructions.pdf". Otherwise, skip to the step below and begin the installation process.
- Double-click the file Windows\_Installer.
- If you see a Security Warning asking you whether you are sure you want to run this software, click 'Run'.
- Follow the instructions of the installation software. It is recommended that you install to the default location.
- Once the content has been installed, you will see a message for "Application Install". Click Install and follow the on-screen instructions. It is recommended that you install to the default location.
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- Insert the Interchange Fourth Edition Selfstudy DVD-ROM into your DVD-ROM drive.
- Double-click the Interchange Fourth Edition Self-study DVD-ROM icon on your desktop.
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- Double-click the file Mac\_Installer.
- Follow the instructions of the installation software. It is recommended that you install to the default location.
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